# controls Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

# **DIGITAL SERVO DRIVE FOR BRUSH & BRUSHLESS MOTORS**

#### CONTROL MODES

- Cyclic Synchronous Position-Velocity-Torque (CSP, CSV, CST)
- Profile Position-Velocity-Torque, Interpolated Position, Homing
- Camming, Gearing
- Indexer
- COMMAND INTERFACE
  - CANopen application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE)
  - ASCII and discrete I/O
  - Stepper commands
  - ±10V position/velocity/torque
  - PWM velocity/torque command
  - Master encoder (Gearing/Camming)
- COMMUNICATIONS
  - EtherCAT
  - RS-232
- FEEDBACK
  - Incremental Encoders
  - Digital quad A/B Analog Sin/Cos Panasonic Incremental A Format
  - Aux. quad A/B encoder / encoder out
  - Absolute Encoders
  - SSI, EnDat, Absolute A, Tamagawa & Panasonic Absolute A Sanyo Denki Absolute A, BiSS (B & C) Other

Digital Halls

- Digital Halls
  - 8 High-speed inputs
  - 2 Motor over-temp inputs
  - 8 Opto-Isolated inputs
  - 5 Opto-Isolated outputs
  - 2 Opto-Isolated brake outputs

#### ANALOG

- 2 Reference Inputs, 12-bit
- SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO)
  - SIL 3, Category 3, PL d
- DIMENSIONS: IN [MM]
  - 6.78 x 4.70 x 1.74 [172.1 x 119.3 x 44.1] no heatsink
  - 6.78 x 4.70 x 3.14 [172.1 x 119.3 x 79.8] with heatsink

| Model      | Ip | Ic | Vdc |
|------------|----|----|-----|
| BE2-090-06 | 6  | 3  | 90  |
| BE2-090-14 | 14 | 7  | 90  |
| BE2-090-20 | 20 | 10 | 90  |

Current ratings are for each axis Add -R for resolver feedback option

#### DESCRIPTION

The BEL models are high-performance, DC powered drives for position, velocity, and torque control of brushless and brush motors via EtherCAT, an Ethernet-based fieldbus. These drives operate as EtherCAT slaves using the CANopen application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) protocol of DSP-402 for motion control devices. Supported modes include: Cyclic Synchronous Position-Velocity-Torque, Profile Position-Velocity-Torque, Interpolated Position Mode (PVT), and Homing.

Feedback from both incremental and absolute encoders is supported. A multi-mode encoder port functions as an input or output depending on the drive's basic setup. There are ten non-isolated inputs and eight isolated inputs. All inputs have programmable active levels. Five opto-isolated outputs [OUT1~5] have individual +/- connections. Two isolated MOSFET brake outputs [OUT6~7] are programmable for other functions and have flyback diodes to the Brake 24V input for driving inductive loads.

Drive power is transformer-isolated DC from regulated or unregulated power supplies. An AuxHV input is provided for "keep-alive" operation permitting the drive power stage to be completely powered down without losing position information, or communications with the control system.





# copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2 CE

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

| Test conditions: Load =   | Wye connecte  | ed load: 2 mH  | + 2 Ω line-line. Am  | nbient temperature   | $e = 25^{\circ}C, +HV = HV_{max}$  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 10DEL   |   | BE2-090-06   | BE2-090-14   | BE2-090-20   |  |
| UTPUT POWER (EACH A)  | XIS)  |  |  |  |  |
| Peak Current  |   | 6 (4.2)  | 14 (9.9)   | 20 (14.4)  | Adc (Arms-sine), ±5%   |
| Peak time<br>Continuous current (No   | ote 1)  | 1<br>3 (2.1)   | 7 (4.9)  | 10 (7.1)   | Sec<br>Adc (Arms-sine) per phase   |
| NPUT POWER  |   | 0 (2.2)  | , ()   | 10 (7.12)  |  |
| HVmin~HVmax   |   | +14 to +90   | +14 to +90   | +14 to +90   | Vdc Transformer-isolated   |
| Ipeak   |   | 12   | 28   | 40   | Adc (1 sec) peak   |
| Icont   |   | 6  | 14   | 20   | Adc continuous   |
| Aux HV  |   | 4 W (Tvr   | +14 to +90 Vdc,  | +5V outputs), 11 W.  | Optional, not required for operation<br>(Max, both encoder +5V @ 500 mA)   |
| IGITAL CONTROL  |   | (.//   | .,   |  |  |
| Digital Control Loops   |   |  |  | sition. 100% digital   |  |
| Sampling rate (time)  | Current loop: 16 kHz (62.5 μs), Velocity & position loops: 4 kHz (250 μs)   |  |  |  |  |
| Bus voltage compensat<br>Minimum load inductan  |   |  | 200 µH line-line   | nains voltage do not   | affect bandwidth   |
| OMMAND INPUTS (NOTE   |   |  | !  | )  |  |
| Distributed Control Mo  |   | of Fonctions /   |  | )  |  |
| CANopen application pr  | rotocol over Ethe   | erCAT (CoE)  |  |  | que, Profile Position-Velocity-Torque,   |
| Stand-alone mode  |   |  | Interpolated Position  | n, Homing  |  |
| Analog torque, velo   | ocity, position ref   | ference  | ±10 Vdc, 12-bit res  |  | ated differential analog input   |
| Digital position refe   |   |  | Pulse/Direction, CW  | /CCW Stepp   | per commands (2 MHz maximum rate)  |
| Digital torque & vel  | locity reference  |  | Quad A/B Encoder<br>PWM , Polarity   |  | ine/sec, 8 Mcount/sec (after quadrature)<br>= $0\% - 100\%$ , Polarity = $1/0$                                     |
|   | locity releasence   |  | PWM 50%  |  | $= 50\% \pm 50\%$ , no polarity signal required  |
|   |   |  | PWM frequency range  | ge 1 kHz   | z minimum, 100 kHz maximum   |
| Indexing  |   |  | PWM minimum puls   | e width 220 r  | ns<br>n inputs or ASCII commands.  |
| Camming   |   |  |  | s can be stored in flag  |  |
| ASCII   |   |  |  | ~115,200 Baud, 3-wi  |  |
| IGITAL INPUTS   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Number 18   | Digital pop ic  | alatad Schmitt t   | riggor 1 E us DC filtor  | 24 Vdc compatible  | programmable pull-up/down to +5 Vdc/ground,  |
| [IN1,2,10,11]   | 74HC2G14, Vc  | c = 5 Vdc. Vt+ =   | = 2.5~3.5 Vdc, VT- = 3   | $1.3 \sim 2.2$ Vdc. VH = 0   | .7~1.5 Vdc   |
| [IN3,4,12,13]   | Digital, non-iso  | plated, programn   | nable as single-ended  | or differential pairs,   | 100 ns RC filter, 12 Vdc max,  |
|   |   |  | er input to +5 Vdc/gro   |  |  |
| [IN5~8,14~17]   |   |  |  |  | $\simeq 200 \text{ mVdc}$ , Vin-HI $\ge 200 \text{ mVdc}$ , VH = 45 mV ty proups of 4, each with a common terminal |
|   | Rated impuls  | se ≥ 800 V, Vin-I  | $0 \le 6.0$ Vdc, Vin-HI  | ≥ 10.0 Vdc, Input cur  | rent ±3.6 mA @ ±24 Vdc, typical  |
| [IN9,18]  |   |  |  |  | $^{2}$ 4HC2G14, Vcc = 5 Vdc,   |
| Functions   |   |  |  |  | $3 \sim 2.2 \text{ Vdc}, \text{ VH} = 0.7 \sim 1.5 \text{ Vdc}$<br>able function and are programmable              |
| NALOG INPUTS  | All inputs are p  |  |  |  |  |
| Number  | 2   |  |  |  |  |
| [AIN1~2]  | Differential, ±1  | LO Vdc, 5 kΩ inpu  | ut impedance, 12-bit r   | esolution  |  |
| AFE TORQUE OFF (STO)  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Function<br>Standard  |   |  | current to the motor w<br>61508-2, IEC-61800-5   |  | en the STO function is asserted  |
| Safety Integrity Level  |   | y 3, Performance   |  | 5-2, 150-15049-1   |  |
| Inputs  | 2 two-terminal  | STO-IN1+,STO   | -IN1-, STO-IN2+, STO   |  |  |
| Type  |   | 24V compatible,<br>nA, STO-IN2: 4.   | Vin-LO $\leq 6.0$ Vdc or   | open, Vin-HI ≥ 15.0  | Vdc,   |
| Input current (typical)   |   |  | rruption of energy sup   | pplied to motor  |  |
| Response time   | 2 1115 11 0111 1111   |  |  |  | last 0. Channet Dias Develo CTO Menuel   |
| Response time<br><b>Reference</b>   | Complete info   | ormation and s   | pecifications are in t   | the 16-01338 Accel   | Inet & Stepnet Plus Panels STO Manual  |
| Reference   | Complete info   | ormation and s   | pecifications are in t   | the 16-01338 Accel   | net & Stepnet Plus Panels STO Manual   |
| Reference<br>IGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number   | <b>Complete info</b>  |  |  |  |  |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]  | 7<br>Opto-isolated S  | SSR, two-termina   | al, 300 mA max, 24 V   | tolerant, Rated impu   | See $\geq$ 800 V, series 1 $\Omega$ resistor   |
| Reference<br>IGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number   | 7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated N   | SSR, two-termina<br>10SFET, default a  |  | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,  | lse $\ge$ 800 V, series 1 $\Omega$ resistor  |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]  | 7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated N<br>1 Adc max, flyl  | SSR, two-termina<br>10SFET, default :<br>back diodes to +  | al, 300 mA max, 24 V<br>as motor brake contro  | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,<br>upply for driving indu  | lse $\geq$ 800 V, series 1 $\Omega$ resistor   |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]<br>[OUT6~7]<br>S-232 PORT                                | 7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated N<br>1 Adc max, fly<br>Programmable   | SSR, two-termina<br>MOSFET, default a<br>back diodes to +<br>for other functio   | al, 300 mA max, 24 V<br>as motor brake contro<br>24 V external power s<br>ns if not used for brak  | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,<br>upply for driving indu<br>e   | lse $\ge$ 800 V, series 1 $\Omega$ resistor uctive loads   |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]<br>[OUT6~7]<br>S-232 PORT<br>Signals                     | 7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated N<br>1 Adc max, flyl<br>Programmable<br>RxD, TxD, Gnd   | SSR, two-termina<br>MOSFET, default a<br>back diodes to +<br>for other functio<br>in 6-position, 4-  | al, 300 mA max, 24 V<br>as motor brake contro<br>24 V external power s<br>ns if not used for brak<br>contact RJ-11 style m                                       | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,<br>upply for driving indu<br>e<br>odular connector, noi                          | lse ≥ 800 V, series 1 Ω resistor<br>uctive loads<br>n-isolated, common to Signal Ground                            |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]<br>[OUT6~7]<br>S-232 PORT                                | 7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated N<br>1 Adc max, flyl<br>Programmable<br>RxD, TxD, Gnd   | SSR, two-termina<br>MOSFET, default a<br>back diodes to +<br>for other functio<br>in 6-position, 4-<br>E serial commur                                   | al, 300 mA max, 24 V<br>as motor brake contro<br>24 V external power s<br>ns if not used for brak  | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,<br>upply for driving indu<br>e<br>odular connector, noi                          | lse ≥ 800 V, series 1 Ω resistor<br>uctive loads<br>n-isolated, common to Signal Ground                            |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]<br>[OUT6~7]<br>S-232 PORT<br>Signals<br>Mode<br>Protocol | 7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated M<br>1 Adc max, flyl<br>Programmable<br>RxD, TxD, Gnd<br>Full-duplex, DT  | SSR, two-termina<br>MOSFET, default a<br>back diodes to +<br>for other functio<br>in 6-position, 4-<br>E serial commur                                   | al, 300 mA max, 24 V<br>as motor brake contro<br>24 V external power s<br>ns if not used for brak<br>contact RJ-11 style m                                       | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,<br>upply for driving indu<br>e<br>odular connector, noi                          | lse ≥ 800 V, series 1 Ω resistor<br>uctive loads<br>n-isolated, common to Signal Ground                            |
| Reference<br>DIGITAL OUTPUTS<br>Number<br>[OUT1~5]<br>[OUT6~7]<br>S-232 PORT<br>Signals<br>Mode             | Complete info<br>7<br>Opto-isolated S<br>Opto-isolated N<br>1 Adc max, flyl<br>Programmable<br>RxD, TxD, Gnd<br>Full-duplex, DT<br>Binary and ASC<br>Dual RJ-45 rec | SSR, two-termina<br>MOSFET, default<br>back diodes to +<br>for other functio<br>in 6-position, 4-<br>Te serial commur<br>CII formats<br>eptacles, 100BAS | al, 300 mA max, 24 V<br>as motor brake contro<br>24 V external power s<br>ns if not used for brak<br>contact RJ-11 style m<br>lication port for drive s<br>GE-TX | tolerant, Rated impu<br>I, current-sinking,<br>upply for driving indu<br>e<br>odular connector, noi<br>setup and control, 9, | lse ≥ 800 V, series 1 Ω resistor<br>uctive loads<br>n-isolated, common to Signal Ground                            |

# controls Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

| DO DOWED OUTDUTS  |  |
|---|--|
| DC POWER OUTPUTS  |  |
| Number: Ratings   | 2: +5 Vdc, 500 mA max each output, thermal and short-circuit protected   |
| Connections   | Axis A: J1-17, J1-32, J7-6, J7-17; combined current from these pins cannot exceed 500 mA<br>Axis B: J1-23, J1-38, J8-6, J8-17; combined current from these pins cannot exceed 500 mA |
| INDICATORS  |  |
| AMP   | Bicolor LED, drive state indicated by color, and blinking or non-blinking condition  |
| RUN   | Green LED, status of EtherCAT state-machine (ESM)  |
| ERR   | Red LED, shows errors due to time-outs, unsolicited state changes, or local errors   |
| L/A   | Green LED, Link/Act, shows the state of the physical link and activity on the link (EtherCAT connection)   |
|   | RUN, ERR, and L/A LED colors and blink codes conform to ETG.1300 S(R) V1.1.0   |
| PROTECTIONS   |  |
| HV Overvoltage  | +HV > 90 Vdc Drive outputs turn off until +HV < 90 Vdc (See Input Power for $HV_{max}$ )   |
| HV Undervoltage   | +HV < +14 Vdc Drive outputs turn off until +HV > +14 Vdc   |
| Drive over temperature  | Heat plate > 70°C. Drive outputs turn off  |
| Short circuits  | Output to output, output to ground, internal PWM bridge faults   |
| I <sup>2</sup> T Current limiting                             | Programmable: continuous current, peak current, peak time  |
| Motor over temperature  | Digital inputs programmable to detect motor temperature switch   |
| Feedback Loss   | Inadequate analog encoder amplitude or missing incremental encoder signals   |
| MECHANICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL                                    |  |
| Size IN [MM]  | 6.78 x 4.70 x 1.74 [172.1 x 119.3 x 44.1] without heatsink   |
|   | 6.78 x 4.70 x 3.14 [172.1 x 119.3 x 79.8] with heatsink  |
| Weight LB[KG]   | 1.5 [0.68] without heatsink, 2.75 [1.25] with heatsink   |
| Ambient temperature   | 0 to +45C operating, -40 to +85C storage   |
| Humidity<br>Vibration   | 0 to 95%, non-condensing<br>2 <i>g</i> peak, 10~500 Hz (sine), IEC60068-2-6  |
| Shock   | 10 $q$ , 10 ms, half-sine pulse, IEC60068-2-27   |
| Contaminants Pollution degree 2                               |  |
| Environment IEC 68-2  |  |
| Cooling   | Heat sink and/or forced air cooling required for continuous power output   |
| AGENCY STANDARDS CONFOR                                       | MANCE  |
| Standards and Directives                                      | MANCL  |
| Functional Safety   |  |
|   | : 61508-2, IEC 61508-3, IEC 61508-4 (SIL 3)  |
| Directive 2006/42   |  |
| ISO 1384  | 9-1/Cor. 1:2009 (Cat 3, PL d)  |
| IEC 6180  | 00-5-2 (SIL3)  |
| Product Safety  |  |
|   | 5/EU (Low Voltage)   |
| IEC 6180  |  |
| EMC   |  |
| EMC<br>Directive 2014/30                                      |  |
| IEC 6180  |  |
|   |  |
| Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) |  |
| Directive 2011/65   | усо (коль 11)  |
| Approvals   |  |
| UL and cUL recognized co                                      |  |
| UL 61800-5-1, 1s  |  |
| TÜV SÜD Functional Saf  |  |
|   | : 61508-2, IEC 61508-3, IEC 61508-4 (SIL 3)<br>. 1:2009 (Cat 3, PL d)  |
| 150 15649-1/001   | 1.2007 (Cdt 3, FL 4)   |
|   |  |



#### Refer to the 16-01338 Accelnet & Stepnet Plus Panels STO Manual

The information provided in the 16-01338 Accelnet & Stepnet Plus Panels STO Manual must be considered for any application using the drive's STO feature.
 FAILURE TO HEED THIS WARNING CAN CAUSE EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, INJURY, OR DEATH.

controls Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

# **FEEDBACK: BE2 MODELS**

| FEEDBACK                      |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Incremental:                  |  |
| Digital Incremental Enco      | <ul> <li>der Quadrature signals, (A, /A, B, /B, X, /X), differential (X, /X Index signals not required)</li> <li>5 MHz maximum line frequency (20 M counts/sec)</li> </ul>   |
| Analog Incremental Enco       | bder Sin/cos format (sin+, sin-, cos+, cos-), differential, 1 Vpeak-peak,<br>ServoTube motor compatible, BW > 300 kHz, 121 $\Omega$ terminating resistor between complementary inputs<br>Digital Index (X, /X) input |
| Absolute: Two absolute encod  | ers, one per axis are supported. Dual absolute encoders on one axis are not supported.   |
| SSI                           | Clock (X, /X), Data (S, /S) signals, 4-wire, clock output from BE2, data returned from encoder   |
| EnDAT                         | Clock (X, /X), Data (S, /S), sin/cos (sin+, sin-, cos+, cos-) signals  |
| Absolute A                    | Tamagawa Absolute A, Panasonic Absolute A Format, Sanyo Denki Absolute A   |
|                               | SD+, SD- (S, /S) signals, 2.5 or 4 MHz, 2-wire half-duplex communication<br>Position feedback: 13-bit resolution per rev, 16 bit revolution counter (29 bit absolute position data)                                  |
|                               | Status data for encoder operating conditions and errors  |
| BiSS (B&C)                    | MA+, MA- (X, /X), SL+, SL- (S, /S) signals, 4-wire, clock output from BE2, data returned from encoder  |
| Terminators, Digital Encoders | A~/A, B~/B inputs: 121 $\Omega$  |
|                               | X~/X inputs: 130 $\Omega$  |
|                               | $S_{\gamma}$ S inputs: 221 $\Omega$  |
|                               | X, S inputs: $1 \text{ k}\Omega$ pull-up to +5V  |
|                               | /X, /S inputs:1 kΩ pull-down to ground   |
| DIGITAL HALLS                 |  |
| Туре                          | Digital, single-ended, 120° electrical phase difference between U-V-W signals,   |
|                               | Schmitt trigger, 1 µs RC filter, 24 Vdc compatible, programmable pull-up/down to +5 Vdc/ground,  |
| Toronto                       | Vt+ = 2.5~3.5 Vdc, VT- = 1.3~2.2 Vdc, VH = 0.7~1.5 Vdc   |
| Inputs                        | 10 k $\Omega$ pullups to +5 Vdc, 1 $\mu$ s RC filter to Schmitt trigger inverters  |
| MULTI-MODE ENCODER PORT       |  |
| As Input                      | Digital quadrature encoder (A, /A, B, /B, X, /X), 5 MHz maximum line frequency (20 M counts/sec),  |
|                               | MAX3097 line receiver, 1.5 k $\Omega$ pull-ups to +5V on X & S inputs, 1.5 k $\Omega$ pull-downs to Sgnd on /X & /S inputs Digital absolute encoder (Clk, /Clk, Dat, /Dat) half or full-duplex operation,            |
|                               | S & X inputs are used for absolute encoder interface   |
| As Emulated Output            | Quadrature encoder emulation with programmable resolution to 4096 lines (16,384 counts) per rev  |
| ······                        | from analog sin/cos encoders or absolute encoders  |
|                               | A, /A, B, /B, from MAX3032 differential line driver, X, /X, S, /S from MAX3362 differential line driver  |
| As Buffered Output            | Digital A/B/X encoder feedback signals from primary quad encoder are buffered (see line drives above)  |
| Number: Ratings               | 2: +5 Vdc, 500 mA max each output, thermal and short-circuit protected   |
| Connections                   | Axis A: J1-17, J1-32, J7-6, J7-17; combined current from these pins cannot exceed 500 mA   |
|                               | Axis B: J1-23, J1-38, J8-6, J8-17; combined current from these pins cannot exceed 500 mA   |

# FEEDBACK: BE2-R MODELS

| RESOLVER                                 |  |
|--|--|
| Туре                                     | Brushless, single-speed, 1:1 to 2:1 programmable transformation ratio  |
| Resolution                               | 14 bits (equivalent to a 4096 line quadrature encoder)   |
| Reference frequency<br>Reference voltage | 8.0 kHz<br>2.8 Vrms, auto-adjustable by the drive to maximize feedback   |
| Reference maximum current                |  |
| Maximum RPM                              | 10,000+  |
| Sin/Cos inputs                           | Differential, 54k $\pm 1\%$ differential impedance, 2.0 Vrms, BW $\geq$ 300 kHz  |
| DIGITAL HALLS                            |  |
| Туре                                     | Digital, single-ended, 120° electrical phase difference between U-V-W signals,<br>Schmitt trigger, 1 $\mu$ s RC filter, 24 Vdc compatible, programmable pull-up/down to +5 Vdc/ground,<br>Vt+ = 2.5~3.5 Vdc, VT- = 1.3~2.2 Vdc, VH = 0.7~1.5 Vdc |
| Inputs                                   | 10 k $\Omega$ pullups to +5 Vdc, 1 $\mu$ s RC filter to Schmitt trigger inverters  |
| MULTI-MODE ENCODER PORT                  |  |
| As Input                                 | Digital quadrature encoder (A, /A, B, /B, X, /X), 121 $\Omega$ terminating resistors between A & /A, B & /B inputs 18 M-counts/sec, post-quadrature (4.5 M-lines/sec).   |
|  | Digital absolute encoder (Clk, /Clk, Dat, /Dat) half or full-duplex operation, 121 $\Omega$ terminating resistors (See above for listing of absolute encoder types. EnDat Sin/Cos signals are not supported)                                     |
| As Emulated Output                       | Quadrature encoder emulation with programmable resolution to 4096 lines (65,536 counts) per rev from resolver, A, /A, B, /B, outputs from MAX3032 differential line driver, X, /X, S, /S outputs from MAC3362 drivers_                           |
| ENCODER POWER SUPPLIES                   |  |
| Number: Ratings                          | 2: +5 Vdc, 500 mA max each output, thermal and short-circuit protected   |
| Connections                              | Axis A: J1-17, J1-32, J7-6, J7-17; combined current from these pins cannot exceed 500 mA<br>Axis B: J1-23, J1-38, J8-6, J8-17; combined current from these pins cannot exceed 500 mA   |
|  |  |

| BE2 Models | BE2-R Models |
|------------|--------------|
| BE2-090-06 | BE2-090-06-R |
| BE2-090-14 | BE2-090-14-R |
| BE2-090-20 | BE2-090-20-R |



# **ETHERCAT COMMUNICATIONS**

EtherCAT is the open, real-time Ethernet network developed by Beckhoff based on the widely used 100BASE-TX cabling system. EtherCAT enables high-speed control of multiple axes while maintaining tight synchronization of clocks in the nodes.

#### ETHERCAT CONNECTIONS

Dual RJ-45 sockets accept standard Ethernet cables. The IN port connects to a master, or to the OUT port of a device that is 'upstream', between the Accelnet and the master.

#### ETHERCAT LEDS (ON RJ-45 CONNECTORS)

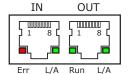
RUN Green: Shows the state of the ESM (EtherCAT State Machine

| Off          | = | Init             |
|--------------|---|------------------|
| Blinking     | = | Pre-operational  |
| Single-flash | = | Safe-operational |

On = Operational

Data protocol is CANopen application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) based on DSP-402 for motion control devices. More information on EtherCAT can be found on this web-site: http://ethercat.org/default.htm

The OUT port connects to 'downstream' nodes. If Accelnet is the last node on a network, only the IN port is used. No terminator is required on the OUT port.



J4: EtherCAT PORTS RJ-45 receptacles, 8 position, 4 signals

ERR Red: Shows errors such as watchdog timeouts and unsolicited state changes in the BEL due to local errors. = EtherCAT communications are working correctly Off Blinking

- = Invalid configuration, general configuration error
- Single Flash = Local error, slave has changed EtherCAT state autonomously
- Double Flash = PDO or EtherCAT watchdog timeout, or an application watchdog timeout has occurred
- Green: Shows the state of the physical link and activity on the link. L/A

| A green LED | indicates | the state o | f the EtherCAT network: |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| LED         | Link      | Activity    | Condition               |
| ON          | Yes       | No          | Port Open               |
| Flickering  | Yes       | Yes         | Port Open with activity |
| Off         | No        | (N/A)       | Port Closed             |

#### EtherCAT DEVICE ID (STATION ALIAS)

In an EtherCAT network, slaves are automatically assigned consecutive addresses based on their position on the network. But when the device must have a positive identification that is independent of cabling, a Device ID is used. In the BE2, this is provided by two 16-position rotary switches with hexadecimal encoding. These can set the Device ID of the drive from  $0x00 \sim 0xFF$  ( $0 \sim 255$  decimal). The chart shows the decimal values of the hex settings of each switch.

Example 1: Find the switch settings for decimal Device ID 107:

- 1) Find the highest number in the x10 column that is less than 107 and set x10 to the hex value in the same row: 96 < 107 and 112 > 107, so x10 = 96 = Hex 6
- 2) Subtract 96 from the desired Device ID to get the decimal value for the switch x1 and set it to the Hex value in the same row: x1 = (107 - 96) = 11 = Hex B
- Result: X10 = 6, X1 = B, Alias = 0x6B (107)

# **INDICATORS: DRIVE STATE**

Two bi-color LEDs give the state of the BE2 drive. Colors do not alternate, and can be solid ON or blinking. When multiple conditions occur, only the top-most condition will be displayed. When that condition is cleared the next one below will shown.

| When that condition is cleare   |   |    |  |
|---|---|----|--|
| 1) Red/Blinking<br>2) Red/Solid   | <ul> <li>Latching fault. Operation will not resume until drive is Reset.</li> <li>Transient fault condition. Drive will resume operation when</li> </ul>  |    | MP LEDS &<br>DEVICE ID   |
| 3) Green/Double-Blinking<br>4) Green/Slow-Blinking<br>5) Green/Fast-Blinking  | the condition causing the fault is removed.<br>= STO circuit active, drive outputs are Safe-Torque-Off<br>= Drive OK but NOT-enabled. Will run when enabled.<br>= Positive or Negative limit switch active.<br>Drive will only move in direction not inhibited by limit switch. | SI | WITCHES  |
| 7) Green/Solid<br>Latching Faults   | <ul> <li>Drive Will only move in direction not ininitized by ininit switch.</li> <li>Drive OK and enabled. Will run in response to<br/>reference inputs or EtherCAT commands.</li> </ul>  |    |  |
| Defaults<br>• Short circuit (Internal of<br>• Drive over-temperature<br>• Motor over-temperature<br>• Feedback Error<br>• Following Error | • Under-voltage   |    | B<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S<br>S |



#### EtherCAT Device ID Switch Decimal values

| Set | x10 | x1 | Set | x10 | x1 |
|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|
| Hex | D   | ec | Hex | D   | ec |
| 0   | 0   | 0  | 8   | 128 | 8  |
| 1   | 16  | 1  | 9   | 144 | 9  |
| 2   | 32  | 2  | А   | 160 | 10 |
| 3   | 48  | 3  | В   | 176 | 11 |
| 4   | 64  | 4  | С   | 192 | 12 |
| 5   | 80  | 5  | D   | 208 | 13 |
| 6   | 96  | 6  | E   | 224 | 14 |
| 7   | 112 | 7  | F   | 240 | 15 |



# **COMMUNICATIONS: RS-232 SERIAL**

*BE2* is configured via a three-wire, full-duplex DTE RS-232 port that operates from 9600 to 115,200 Baud, 8 bits, no parity, and one stop bit. Signal format is full-duplex, 3-wire, DTE using RxD, TxD, and Gnd. Connections to the *BE2* RS-232 port are through J4, an RJ-11 connector. The *BE2* Serial Cable Kit (SER-CK) contains a modular cable, and an adapter that connects to a 9-pin, Sub-D serial port connector (COM1, COM2, etc.) on PC's and compatibles.

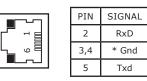
After power-on, reset, or transmission of a Break character, the Baud rate will be 9,600. Once communication has been established at this speed, the Baud rate can be changed to a higher rate (19,200, 57,600, 115,200).

#### SER-CK SERIAL CABLE KIT

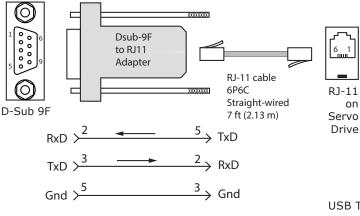
The SER-CK provides connectivity between a D-Sub 9 male connector and the RJ-11 connector on the BE2. It includes an adapter that plugs into the COM1 (or other) port of a PC and uses common modular cable to connect to the BE2. The connections are shown in the diagram below.

#### J5: RS-232 PORT

RJ-11 receptacle, 6 position, 4 contact



\* Signal Ground





Don't forget to order a Serial Cable Kit SER-CK when placing your order for a BE2!

USB TO RS-232 ADAPTERS

These may or may not have the speed to work at the 115,200 Baud rate which gives the best results with CME2. Users have reported that adapters using the FTDI chipset work well with CME2

# ASCII COMMUNICATIONS

The Copley ASCII Interface is a set of ASCII format commands that can be used to operate and monitor these drives over an RS-232 serial connection. For instance, after basic amplifier configuration values have been programmed using CME 2, a control program can use the ASCII Interface to:

- Enable the amplifier in Programmed Position mode.
- Home the axis.
- Issue a series of move commands while monitoring position, velocity, and other run-time variables.

The Baud rate defaults to 9,600 after power-on or reset and is programmable up to 115,200 thereafter. After power-on, reset, or transmission of a Break character, the Baud rate will be 9,600. Once communication has been established at this speed, the Baud rate can be changed to a higher rate (19,200, 57,600, 115,200). ASCII parameter 0x90 holds the Baud rate data. To set the rate to 115,200 enter this line from a terminal:

s r0x90 115200 <enter>

Then, change the Baud rate in the computer/controller to the new number and communicate at that rate.

Additional information can be found in the ASCII Programmers Guide on the Copley website: http://www.copleycontrols.com > Support > Manuals > ASCII Programmer's Guide

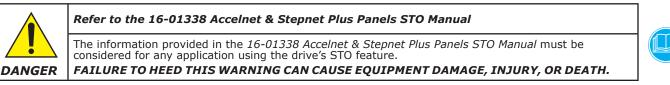


# SAFE TORQUE OFF (STO)

The Safe Torque Off (STO) function is defined in IEC 61800-5-2. Two channels are provided which, when de-energized, prevent the upper and lower devices in the PWM outputs from being operated by the digital control core.

This provides a positive OFF capability that cannot be overridden by the control firmware, or associated hardware components. When the opto-couplers are energized (current is flowing in the input diodes), the control core will be able to control the on/off state of the PWM outputs.

### INSTALLATION



STO BYPASS CONNECTIONS

#### STO BYPASS (MUTING)

In order for the PWM outputs of the BE2 to be activated, current must be flowing through all of the opto-couplers that are connected to the STO-IN1 and STO-IN2 terminals of J6, and the drive must be in an ENABLED state. When the opto-couplers are OFF, the drive is in a Safe Torque Off (STO) state and the PWM outputs cannot be activated by the control core to drive a motor.

This diagram shows connections that will energize all of the optocouplers from an internal current-source. When this is done the STO feature is overridden and control of the output PWM stage is under control of the digital control core.

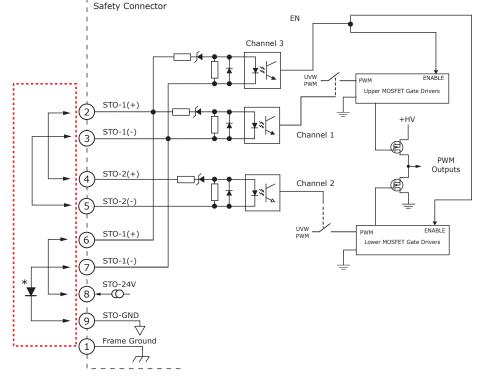
If not using the STO feature, these connections must be made in order for the BE2 to be enabled.

# FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



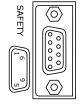
Current must flow through all of the opto-couplers before the drive can be enabled

\* STO bypass connections on the BE2 and Xenus XEL-XPL models are different. If both drives are installed in the same cabinet, the diode should be wired as shown to prevent damage that could occur if the STO bypass connectors are installed on the wrong drive. The diode is not required for STO bypass on the BE2 and can be replaced by a wire between pins 7 and 9.



#### CONNECTIONS

| SAFETY | CONNECTOR J6 |  |
|--------|--------------|--|
|        |              |  |



|   | PIN | SIGNAL    | PIN | SIGNAL   |
|---|-----|-----------|-----|----------|
|   | 1   | Frame Gnd | 6   | STO-1(+) |
|   | 2   | STO-1(+)  | 7   | STO-1(-) |
|   | 3   | STO-1(-)  | 8   | STO-24V  |
| ſ | 4   | STO-2(+)  | 9   | STO-GND  |
|   | 5   | STO-2(-)  |     |          |

# copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

A

/A

В

/B

PULSE

/PULSE

DIRECTION

/DIRECTION

encoder ports are used.

# **DIGITAL COMMAND INPUTS: POSITION**

# POSITION COMMAND INPUTS

SINGLE-ENDED PULSE & DIRECTION

[[N3(12)]

Single-ended digital position commands must be sourced from devices with active pull-up and pull-down to take advantage of the high-speed inputs.

Inputs Axis A(B)

Pulse

Direction

For differential commands, the A & B channels of the multi-mode encoder ports are used.

DIFFERENTIAL PULSE & DIRECTION

PUI SE

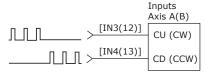
ΠΠ

DIRECTION

#### SINGLE-ENDED: IN3, 4, 12, 13

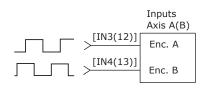
| Signal                         | Axis A                            | Axis B |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| [IN3(12)] Pls, CU, Enc A       | J1-9                              | J1-14  |
| [IN4(13)] Dir, CD, Enc B J1-10 |                                   | J1-15  |
| Signal Ground                  | al Ground J1-6,16,22,31,<br>37,44 |        |
| Frame Ground                   | J1-1                              |        |

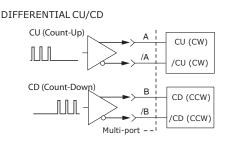
#### SINGLE-ENDED CU/CD



∑[IN4(13)]

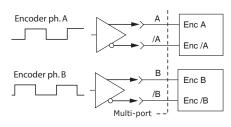
QUAD A/B ENCODER SINGLE-ENDED





Multi-port -

#### QUAD A/B ENCODER DIFFERENTIAL



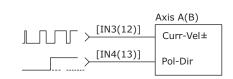
#### DIFFERENTIAL: MULTI-PORT A, /A, B, /B

| Signal                     | Axis A                  | Axis B |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| [Enc A] Pls, CU, Enc A     | J1-36                   | J1-42  |
| [Enc /A] /Pls, /CU, Enc /A | J1-21                   | J1-27  |
| [Enc B] Dir, CD, Enc B     | J1-35                   | J1-41  |
| [Enc /B] /Dir, /CD, Enc /B | J1-20                   | J1-26  |
| Signal Ground              | J1-6,16,22,31,<br>37,44 |        |
| Frame Ground               | J1-1                    |        |

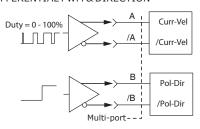
# **DIGITAL COMMAND INPUTS: VELOCITY, TORQUE**

Single-ended digital torque or velocity commands must be sourced from devices with active pull-up and pull-down to take advantage of the high-speed inputs.

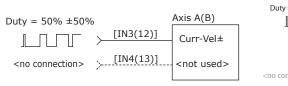
SINGLE-ENDED PWM & DIRECTION

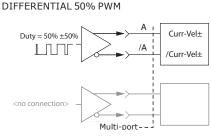


DIFFERENTIAL PWM & DIRECTION



#### SINGLE-ENDED 50% PWM





| SINGLE-END | DED: | IN3, | 4, | 12, | 13 |
|------------|------|------|----|-----|----|

For differential commands, the A & B channels of the multi-mode

| Signal Axis A Axi                |                         | Axis B |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| [IN3(12)] Curr-Vel±              | J1-9                    | J1-14  |
| [IN4(13)] / Curr-Vel± J1-10 J1-1 |                         | J1-15  |
| Signal Ground                    | J1-6,16,22,31,<br>37,44 |        |
| Frame Ground                     | J1-1                    |        |

#### DIFFERENTIAL: MULTI-PORT A, /A, B, /B

| Signal              | Axis A                  | Axis B |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| [Enc A] Curr-Vel±   | J1-36                   | J1-42  |
| [Enc /A] /Curr-Vel± | J1-21                   | J1-27  |
| [Enc B] Pol-Dir     | J1-35                   | J1-41  |
| [Enc /B] /Pol-Dir   | J1-20                   | J1-26  |
| Signal Ground       | J1-6,16,22,31,<br>37,44 |        |
| Frame Ground        | J1-1                    |        |

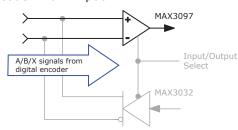
# copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

MULTI-MODE PORT AS AN INPUT

# **INPUT TYPES**

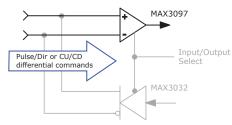
# POSITION COMMAND INPUTS: DIFFERENTIAL

- Pulse & Direction
- CW & CCW (Clockwise & Counter-Clockwise)
- Encoder Quad A & B
- Camming Encoder A & B input



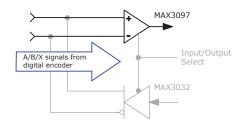
# CURRENT or VELOCITY COMMAND INPUTS: DIFFERENTIAL

- Current or Velocity & Direction
- Current or Velocity (+) & Current or Velocity (-)



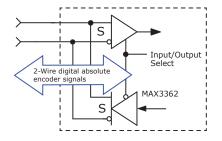
# SECONDARY FEEDBACK: INCREMENTAL

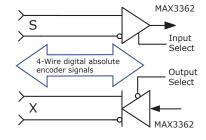
Quad A/B/X incremental encoder



# SECONDARY FEEDBACK: ABSOLUTE

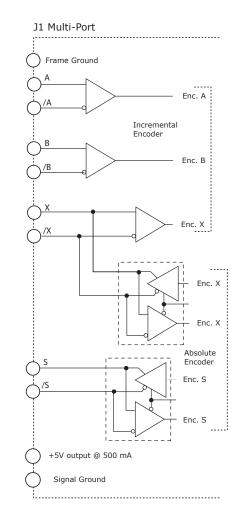
- S channel: Absolute A encoders (2-wire) The S channel first sends a Clock signal and then receives Data from the encoder in half-duplex mode.
- S & X channels: SSI, BiSS, EnDat encoders (4-wire) The X channel sends the Clock signal to the encoder, which initiates data transmission from the encoder on the S-channel in full-duplex mode





# SIGNALS & PINS

| Signal                          | Axis A<br>J1             | Axis B<br>J1 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Pulse, CW, Encoder A            | 36                       | 42           |
| /Pulse, /CW, Encoder /A         | 21                       | 27           |
| Direction, CCW, Encoder B       | 35                       | 41           |
| /Direction, /CCW, Encoder /B    | 20                       | 26           |
| Quad Enc X, Absolute Clock      | 34                       | 40           |
| Quad Enc /X, /Absolute Clock    | 19                       | 25           |
| Enc S, Absolute (Clock) Data    | 33                       | 39           |
| Enc /S, / Absolute (Clock) Data | 18                       | 24           |
| Signal Ground                   | 6, 16, 22, 31, 37,<br>44 |              |
| Frame Ground                    | 1                        |              |





# **MULTI-MODE PORT AS AN OUTPUT**

# **OUTPUT TYPES**

copley (

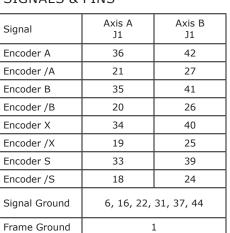
controls

# BUFFERED FEEDBACK OUTPUTS: DIFFERENTIAL

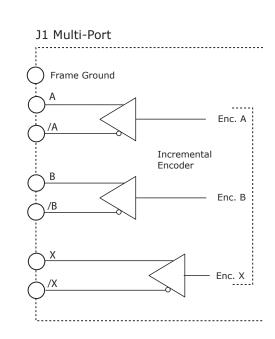
- Encoder Quad A, B, X channels
- Direct hardware connection between quad A/B/X encoder feedback and differential line drivers for A/B/X outputs

EMULATED FEEDBACK OUTPUTS: DIFFERENTIAL Firmware produces emulated guad A/B signals from feedback

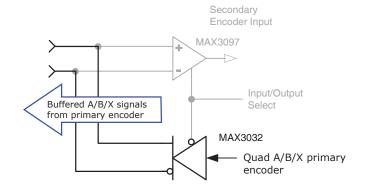
- data from the following devices:
- Absolute encoders
- Resolvers (-R option)
- Analog Sin/Cos incremental encoders

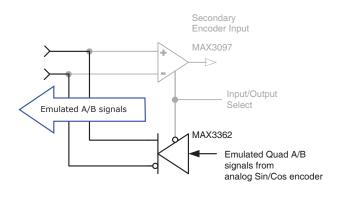


#### **SIGNALS & PINS**



CF







# **CME2 DEFAULTS**

These tables show the CME2 default settings. They are user-programmable and the settings can be saved to non-volatile flash memory.

### 훩 Input/Output

Digital Inputs 1-9 Digital Inputs 10-18

| Axis A | Config            | PU/PD      | Axis B | Config            | PU/PD      |
|--------|-------------------|------------|--------|-------------------|------------|
| IN1    | Enable-LO         |            | *IN10  | Enable-LO         |            |
| IN2    |                   | +5V        | *IN11  |                   | +5V        |
| IN3    | Not<br>Configured | or<br>Sgnd | *IN12  | Not<br>Configured | or<br>Sgnd |
| IN4    | comgarea          | _          | *IN13  | comgarea          |            |
| IN5    |                   |            | IN14   |                   |            |
| IN6    | Opto              | Opto       |        | Opto              |            |
| IN7    | Not Configured    |            | IN16   | Not Confi         | gured      |
| IN8    |                   |            | IN17   |                   |            |
| IN9    | Motemp            | +5V        | IN18   | Motemp            | +5V        |

Digital Outputs 1-4 Digital Outputs 5-7

| Axis A | Axis B         | Notes            |  |
|--------|----------------|------------------|--|
| OUT1   | OUT2           | Fault Active-OFF |  |
| OUT3   |                |                  |  |
| OUT4   | Not Configured |                  |  |
| OUT5   |                |                  |  |
| OUT6   | OUT7           | Brake Active-HI  |  |

| Filter Configuration   |        |        |               |
|------------------------|--------|--------|---------------|
| Filter Settings Analog | V Loop | I Loop | Input Shaping |

| Axes A, B                | Notes                                    |
|--------------------------|--|
| Analog: Reference Filter | Disabled                                 |
|                          |  |
| Vloop: Input Filter      | Disabled                                 |
| Vloop: Output Filter 1   | Low Pass, Butterworth,<br>2-pole, 200 Hz |
| Vloop: Output Filter 2   | Disabled                                 |
| Vloop: Output Filter 3   | Disabled                                 |
| Iloop: Input Filter 1    | Disabled                                 |
| Iloop: Input Filter 2    | Disabled                                 |
| Input Shaping            | Disabled                                 |

# Home

| Axes A, B | Notes                        |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| Method    | Set Current Position as Home |

| Fault Configuration |                 |                              |  |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Latch F             | ault            |                              |  |
| Axis A              | Axis B          | Notes                        |  |
| $\checkmark$        | $\checkmark$    | Short Circuit                |  |
| $\checkmark$        | $\checkmark$    | Amp Over Temp                |  |
| $\checkmark$        | $\checkmark$    | Motor Over Temp              |  |
|                     |                 | Over Voltage                 |  |
|                     |                 | Under Voltage                |  |
|                     |                 | Motor Wiring<br>Disconnected |  |
|                     |                 | STO Active                   |  |
| OPTIONA             | OPTIONAL FAULTS |                              |  |
|                     |                 | Over Current (Latched)       |  |

# copley ( Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT **BE2** controls

# HIGH SPEED INPUTS: IN1, IN2, IN10, IN11

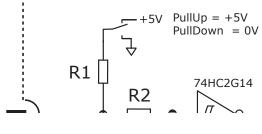
- Digital, non-isolated, high-speed
- Progammable pull-up/pull-down •
- 24V Compatible •
- Programmable functions •

#### SPECIFICATIONS

| Input           | Data            | Notes                |  |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|
|                 | HI              | VT+ ≥ 3.5 Vdc        |  |
|                 | LO              | VT- ≤ 1.0 Vdc        |  |
| Input Voltages  | VH1             | $VH \le \pm 1.5 Vdc$ |  |
|                 | Max             | +30 Vdc              |  |
|                 | Min             | 0 Vdc                |  |
| Pull-up/down    | R1              | 15 kΩ                |  |
| Low page filter | R2              | 15 kΩ                |  |
| Low pass filter | C1              | 100 pF               |  |
| Input Current   | 24V             | 1.3 mAdc             |  |
| Input Current   | 0V              | -0.33 mAdc           |  |
| Time constant   | RC <sup>2</sup> | 1.5 μs               |  |

| CONNECTIONS |                             |  |
|-------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Input       | Pin                         |  |
| IN1         | J1-7                        |  |
| IN2         | J1-8                        |  |
| IN10        | J1-12                       |  |
| IN11        | J1-13                       |  |
| Sgnd        | J1-6, 16, 22,<br>31, 37, 44 |  |





Notes:

1) VH is hysteresis voltage

(VT+) - (VT-) 2) The R2\*C2 time constant applies when input is driven by active HI/LO devices

# SINGLE-ENDED/DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS: IN3, IN4, IN12, IN13

- Digital, non-isolated, high-speed •
- Progammable pull-up/pull-down •
- 12V Compatible •
- Single-ended or Differential ٠
- Programmable functions •

#### SPECIFICATIONS

| Input                                       | Data            | Notes                 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|
|   | HI              | Vin ≥ 2.7 Vdc         |
| Input Voltages<br>Single-ended              | LO              | Vin ≤ 2.3 Vdc         |
|   | VH <sup>1</sup> | 45 mVdc typ           |
|   | HI              | $Vdiff \ge +200 mVdc$ |
| Input Voltages<br>Differential <sup>3</sup> | LO              | Vdiff ≤ -200 mVdc     |
|   | VH              | ±45 mVdc typ          |
| Common mode                                 | Vcm             | 0 to +12 Vdc          |
| Pull-up/down                                | R1              | 10 kΩ                 |
| Low pass filter                             | R2              | 1 kΩ                  |
|   | C1              | 100 pF                |
| Time constant                               | RC <sup>2</sup> | 100 ns                |

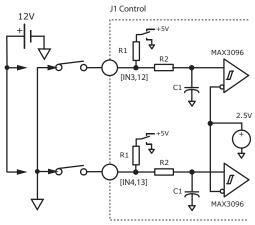
Notes: 1) VH is hysteresis voltage IN2 - IN3 or IN12 - IN13

- 2) The R2\*C2 time constant applies when input is driven by active HI/LO devices) 3) Vdiff = AINn(+) - AINn(-)
- n = 1 for Axis A, 2 for Axis B

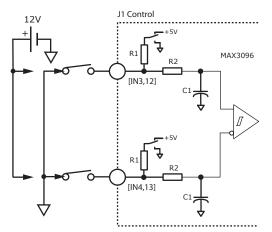
# CONNECTIONS

| S.E. | DIFF  | Pin                       |  |
|------|-------|---------------------------|--|
| IN3  | IN3+  | J1-9                      |  |
| IN4  | IN3-  | J1-10                     |  |
| IN12 | IN12+ | J1-14                     |  |
| IN13 | IN12- | J1-15                     |  |
| Sgnd |       | J1-6, 16, 22, 31, 37 , 44 |  |





# DIFFERENTIAL





# MOTOR OVERTEMP INPUTS: IN9, IN18

- Digital, non-isolated
- Motor overtemp inputs
- 12V Compatible
- Programmable functions

#### SPECIFICATIONS

| Input           | Data | Notes         |
|-----------------|------|---------------|
|                 | HI   | Vin ≥ 3.5 Vdc |
|                 | LO   | Vin ≤ 0.7 Vdc |
| Input Voltages  | Max  | +12 Vdc       |
|                 | Min  | 0 Vdc         |
| Pull-up/down    | R1   | 4.99 kΩ       |
| Input Current   | 12V  | 1.4 mAdc      |
| Input Current   | 0V   | -1.0 mAdc     |
| Low page filter | R2   | 10 kΩ         |
| Low pass filter | C1   | 33 nF         |
| Time constant   | Те   | 330 µs *      |

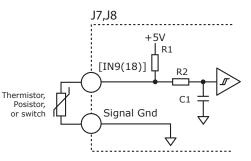
\* RC time constant applies when inputs are driven by active high/low devices

# CONNECTIONS

| Input | Pin                |
|-------|--------------------|
| IN9   | J7-7               |
| IN18  | J8-7               |
| Sgnd  | J7,8-5, 16, 25, 26 |

# MOTOR OVER TEMP INPUT

The 4.99k pull-up resistor works with PTC (positive temperature coefficient) thermistors that conform to BS 4999:Part 111:1987, or switches that open/close indicating a motor over-temperature condition. The active level is programmable.



#### BS 4999:PART 111:1987

| Property  | Ohms   |
|---|--------|
| Resistance in the temperature range 20°C to +70°C | 60~750 |
| Resistance at 85°C                                | ≤1650  |
| Resistance at 95°C                                | ≥3990  |
| Resistance at 105°C                               | ≥12000 |

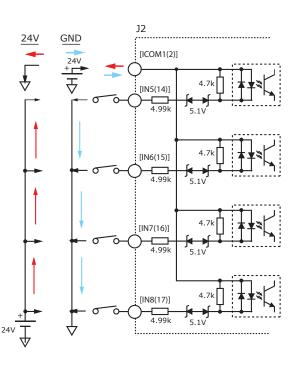
# OPTO-ISOLATED INPUTS: IN5, IN6, IN7, IN8, IN14, IN15, IN16, IN17

- Digital, opto-isolated
- 2 Groups of four, each with own Common terminal
- Works with current sourcing or sinking drivers
- 24V Compatible
- Programmable functions

| SPECIFICATIONS |      |                        |
|----------------|------|------------------------|
| Input          | Data | Notes                  |
|                | HI   | Vin $\geq$ ±10.0 Vdc * |
| Input Voltages | LO   | Vin $\leq \pm 6$ Vdc * |
|                | Max  | ±30 Vdc *              |
| Input Current  | ±24V | ±3.6 mAdc              |
| Input Current  | 0V   | 0 mAdc                 |

\* Vdc Referenced to ICOM terminals.

| CONNECTIONS |      |        |       |  |
|-------------|------|--------|-------|--|
| Signal      | Pins | Signal | Pins  |  |
| IN5         | J2-2 | IN14   | J2-7  |  |
| IN6         | J2-3 | IN15   | J2-8  |  |
| IN7         | J2-4 | IN16   | J2-9  |  |
| IN8         | J2-5 | IN17   | J2-18 |  |
| ICOM1       | J2-6 | ICOM2  | J2-17 |  |





# ANALOG INPUTS: AIN1, AIN2

- ±10 Vdc, differential
- 12-bit resolution
- Programmable functions

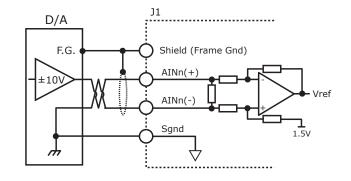
The analog inputs have a  $\pm 10$  Vdc range at 12-bit resolution As reference inputs they can take position/velocity/torque commands from a controller. If not used as command inputs, they can be used as general-purpose analog inputs.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

| Spec             | Data | Notes   |
|------------------|------|---------|
| Input Voltage    | Vref | ±10 Vdc |
| Input Resistance | Rin  | 5.05 kΩ |

#### CONNECTIONS

| Signal  | Pins                     |        |  |
|---------|--------------------------|--------|--|
| Siyilai | Axis A                   | Axis B |  |
| AIN(+)  | J1-3                     | J1-5   |  |
| AIN(-)  | J1-2                     | J1-4   |  |
| Sgnd    | J1-6, 16, 22, 31, 37, 44 |        |  |

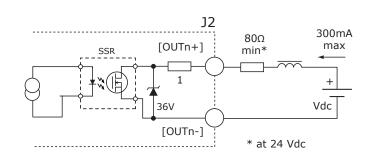


# OPTO-ISOLATED OUTPUTS: OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, OUT4, OUT5

- Digital, opto-isolated
- MOSFET output SSR, 2-terminal
- Flyback diodes for inductive loads
- 24V Compatible
- Programmable functions

#### SPECIFICATIONS

| Output                        | Data | Notes            |
|-------------------------------|------|------------------|
| ON Voltage<br>OUT(+) - OUT(-) | Vdc  | 0.85V @ 300 mAdc |
| Output Current                | Iout | 300 mAdc max     |



#### HI/LO DEFINITIONS: OUTPUTS

| Input  | State | Condition                           |  |  |
|--------|-------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
|        | HI    | Output SSR is ON, current flows     |  |  |
| OUT1~5 | LO    | Output SSR is OFF, no current flows |  |  |

#### CONNECTIONS

| Signal | (+)   | (-)   |
|--------|-------|-------|
| OUT1   | J2-19 | J2-10 |
| OUT2   | J2-20 | J2-11 |
| OUT3   | J2-21 | J2-12 |
| OUT4   | J2-22 | J2-13 |
| OUT5   | J2-23 | J2-14 |

# Copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2 controls

# **OPTO-ISOLATED MOTOR BRAKE OUTPUTS: OUT6, OUT7**

- Brake outputs
- Opto-isolated •
- Flyback diodes for inductive loads •
- 24V Compatible
- Connection for external 24V power supply
- Programmable functions

#### SPECIFICATIONS

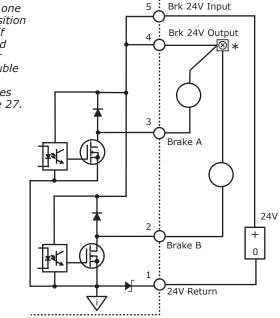
| Output         | Data | Notes   |
|----------------|------|---------|
| Voltage Range  | Max  | +30 Vdc |
| Output Current | Ids  | 1.0 Adc |

#### HI/LO DEFINITIONS: OUTPUTS

| Input             | State | Condition  |  |  |
|-------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| BRK-A,B<br>OUT6,7 | HI    | Output transistor is OFF<br>Brake is un-powered and locks motor<br>Motor cannot move<br>Brake state is Active      |  |  |
|                   | LO    | Output transistor is ON<br>Brake is powered, releasing motor<br>Motor is free to move<br>Brake state is NOT-Active |  |  |

There should be only one conductor in each position of the J3 connector. If brakes are to be wired directly to J3 for their 24V power, use a double wire ferrule for J3-4. Information for ferrules can be found on page 27.

\*



J3

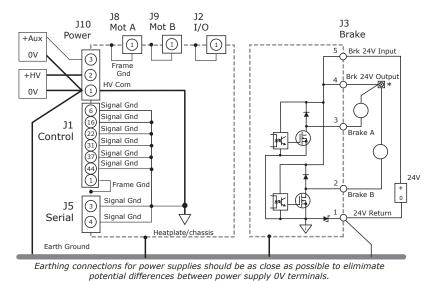
CME2 Default Setting for Brake Outputs [OUT6,7] is "Brake - Active HI" Active = Brake is holding motor shaft (i.e. the Brake is Active)

Motor cannot move

No current flows in coil of brake CME2 I/O Line States shows Output 6 or 7 as HI BRK Output voltage is HI (24V), MOSFET is OFF Servo drive output current is zero Servo drive is disabled, PWM outputs are off

Brake is not holding motor shaft (i.e. the Brake is Inactive = Inactive)

Motor can move Current flows in coil of brake CME2 I/O Line States shows Output 6 or 7 as LO BRK output voltage is LO (~0V), MOSFET is ON Servo drive is enabled, PWM outputs are on Servo drive output current is flowing



The brake circuits are optically isolated from all drive circuits and frame ground.

# CONNECTIONS

| Pin | Signal         |
|-----|----------------|
| 5   | Brk 24V Input  |
| 4   | Brk 24V Output |
| 3   | Brake A [OUT6] |
| 2   | Brake B [OUT7] |
| 1   | 24V Return     |

This diagram shows the connections to the drive that share a common ground in the driver. If the brake 24V power supply is separate from the DC supply powering the drive, it is important that it connects to an earth or common grounding point with the HV power supply.



# FEEDBACK CONNECTIONS

### QUAD A/B/X ENCODER WITH SIGNAL LOSS DETECTION

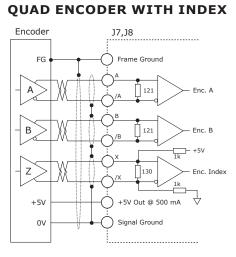
Encoders with differential line-driver outputs are required (single-ended encoders are not supported) and provide incremental position feedback via the A/B signals and the optional index signal (X)gives a once per revolution position mark. The MAX3097 receiver has differential inputs with fault protections for the following conditions:

| Condition        | Ex         |
|------------------|------------|
| Line-line shorts | As         |
| Open-circuits:   | A 0<br>A 8 |
| Low-voltage      | Va         |

# ample

shorted to /A disconnected, /A connected. Terminator resistor pulls & /A together for a short-circuit fault  $Vb \le 200 \text{ mV}, \text{ or } \ge -200 \text{ mV}$ Encoder power loss, cabling, etc.

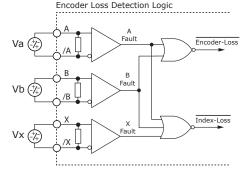
# SIGNAL LOSS DETECTION LOGIC



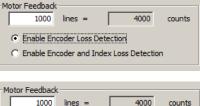
#### A/B/X SIGNALS

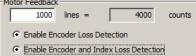
| Signal | J7,J8 Pin     |
|--------|---------------|
| Enc A  | 13            |
| Enc /A | 12            |
| Enc B  | 11            |
| Enc /B | 10            |
| Enc X  | 9             |
| Enc /X | 8             |
| +5V    | 6, 17         |
| Sgnd   | 5, 16, 25, 26 |
| F.G.   | 1             |
|        |               |

Sgnd = Signal Ground F.G. = Frame Gnd



# **CME2 FEEDBACK OPTIONS**





# ANALOG SIN/COS INCREMENTAL ENCODER

The sin/cos inputs are analog differential with 121  $\Omega$ terminating resistors and accept 1 Vp-p signals in the format used by incremental encoders with analog outputs, or with Servotube motors. The index input is digital, differential.

# **RESOLVER (-R OPTION)**

Resolver

FG

Sin

S2

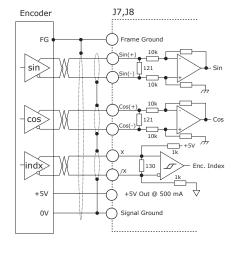
Cos

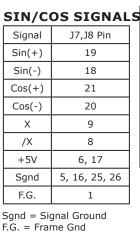
540

]<sub>R1</sub>

Connections to the resolver should be made with doubleshielded cable that uses three twisted-pairs plus an outer shield. Once connected, resolver set up, motor phasing, and other commissioning adjustments are made with CME 2 software. There are no hardware adjustments.

J7,J8







Conversion

Cos(+) S2

Cos(-) S4

Ref(+) R1

Ref(-) R2

Signal Ground

R/D

| Sin(-) S1 | 18             |  |
|-----------|----------------|--|
| Cos(+) S2 | 21             |  |
| Cos(-) S4 | 20             |  |
| Ref(+) R1 | 23             |  |
| Ref(-) R2 | 22             |  |
| Sgnd      | 5,16<br>25, 26 |  |
| F.G.      | 1              |  |

**RESOLVER SIGNALS** 

19

Sgnd = Signal Ground F.G. = Frame Gnd

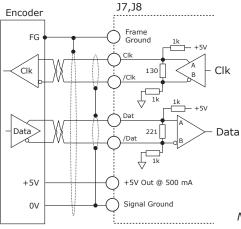


# **FEEDBACK CONNECTIONS**

#### SSI ABSOLUTE ENCODER

The SSI (Synchronous Serial Interface) is an interface used to connect an absolute position encoder to a motion controller or control system. The XEL drive provides a train of clock signals in differential format to the encoder which initiates the transmission of the position data on the subsequent clock pulses. The polling of the encoder data occurs at the current loop frequency (16 kHz). The number of encoder data bits and counts per motor revolution are programmable.

The hardware bus consists of two signals: SCLK and SDATA Data is sent in 8 bit bytes, LSB first. The SCLK signal is only active during transfers. Data is clocked out on the falling edge and clock in on the rising edge of the Master.



#### SSI, BISS SIGNALS

| SSI BiSS      |     | J7,J8 Pin     |  |  |
|---------------|-----|---------------|--|--|
| Clk           | MA+ | 9             |  |  |
| /Clk MA-      |     | 8             |  |  |
| Data SL+      |     | 15            |  |  |
| /Data SL-     |     | 14            |  |  |
| +5V           |     | 6, 17         |  |  |
| Signal Ground |     | 5, 16, 25, 26 |  |  |
| Frame Gnd     |     | 1             |  |  |

Note: Single (outer) shields should be connected at both ends (motor and drive frame grounds). Inner shields should only be connected to Signal Ground on the drive.

#### **BISS ABSOLUTE ENCODER**

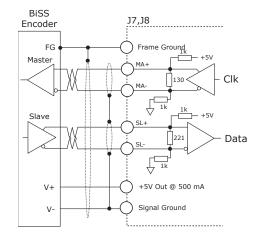
BiSS is an - Open Source - digital interface for sensors and actuators. BiSS refers to principles of well known industrial standards for Serial Synchronous Interfaces like SSI, AS-Interface® and Interbus® with additional options.

Serial Synchronous Data Communication Cyclic at high speed 2 unidirectional lines Clock and Data

Line delay compensation for high speed data transfer Request for data generation at slaves Safety capable: CRC, Errors, Warnings Bus capability incl. actuators

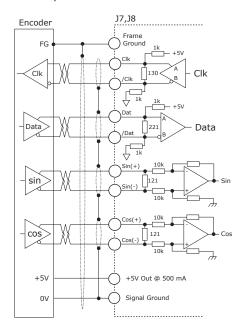
Bidirectional

BiSS B-protocol: Mode choice at each cycle start BiSS C-protocol: Continuous mode



#### ENDAT ABSOLUTE ENCODER

The EnDat interface is a Heidenhain interface that is similar to SSI in the use of clock and data signals, but which also supports analog sin/cos channels from the same encoder. The number of position data bits is programmable as is the use of sin/cos channels. Use of sin/cos incremental signals is optional in the EnDat specification.



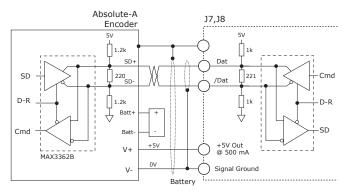
| ENDAT<br>SIGNALS |            |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Signal           | J7, J8 Pin |  |  |  |  |
| Clk              | 9          |  |  |  |  |
| /Clk             | 8          |  |  |  |  |
| Data             | 15         |  |  |  |  |
| /Data            | 14         |  |  |  |  |
| Sin(+)           | 19         |  |  |  |  |
| Sin(-)           | 18         |  |  |  |  |
| Cos(+)           | 21         |  |  |  |  |
| Cos(-)           | 20         |  |  |  |  |

#### +5V6,17 5, 16, 25, 26 Sgnd F.G. 1

Sgnd = Signal Ground F.G. = Frame Gnd

# ABSOLUTE-A ENCODER

The Absolute A interface is a serial, half-duplex type that is electrically the same as RS-485. Note the battery which must be connected. Without it, the encoder will produce a fault condition.



#### **ABSOLUTE-A** SIGNALS

| Signal | J7,J8 Pin     |  |  |
|--------|---------------|--|--|
| Data   | 15            |  |  |
| /Data  | 14            |  |  |
| +5V    | 6, 17         |  |  |
| Sgnd   | 5, 16, 25, 26 |  |  |
| F.G.   | 1             |  |  |

Sand = Signal Ground F.G. = Frame Gnd



# MOTOR CONNECTIONS

### **MOTOR PHASE CONNECTIONS**

The drive outputs are three-phase PWM inverters that convert the DC buss voltage (+HV) into three sinusoidal voltage waveforms that drive the motor phase-coils. Cable should be sized for the continuous current rating of the motor. Motor cabling should use twisted, shielded conductors for CE compliance, and to minimize PWM noise coupling into other circuits. Further details on motor connections can be found on page 24.

| Μ | 0 | то | R | SI | G١ | A | LS |
|---|---|----|---|----|----|---|----|
|---|---|----|---|----|----|---|----|

| Signal    | J9,J10 Pin |  |
|-----------|------------|--|
| Mot U     | 4          |  |
| Mot V     | 3          |  |
| Mot W     | 2          |  |
| Frame Gnd | 1          |  |

<sup>\*</sup> MOT W not used for DC brush motors

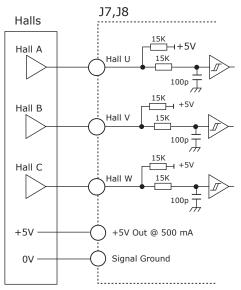
J9, J10 PWM MOT U MOT V Servo Motor Frame Gnd Gn/Y

#### **DIGITAL HALL SIGNALS**

Hall signals are single-ended signals that provide absolute feedback within one electrical cycle of the motor. There are three of them (U, V, & W) and they may be sourced by magnetic sensors in the motor, or by encoders that have Hall tracks as part of the encoder disc. They typically operate at much lower frequencies than the motor encoder signals, and are used for commutation-initialization after startup, and for checking the motor phasing after the amplifier has switched to sinusoidal commutation.

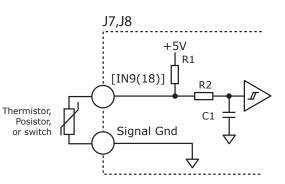
### HALL SIGNALS

| Signal    | J7,J8 Pin     |  |
|-----------|---------------|--|
| Hall U    | 2             |  |
| Hall V    | 3             |  |
| Hall W    | 4             |  |
| +5V       | 6, 17         |  |
| Sgnd      | 5, 16, 25, 26 |  |
| Frame Gnd | 1             |  |



#### **MOTOR OVER TEMP INPUT**

The 4.99k pull-up resistor works with PTC (positive temperature coefficient) thermistors that conform to BS 4999:Part 111:1987 (table below), or switches that open/close indicating a motor over-temperature condition. The active level is programmable. These inputs are programmable for other functions if not used as Motemp inputs. And, other inputs are programmable for the Motemp function.



#### **MOTEMP SIGNALS**

| Signal                 | Pin  |
|------------------------|------|
| Motemp A               | J7-7 |
| Motemp B               | J8-7 |
| J7,J8<br>Signal Ground | 5,10 |
| Frame Gnd              | 12   |

#### **BS 4999 SENSOR**

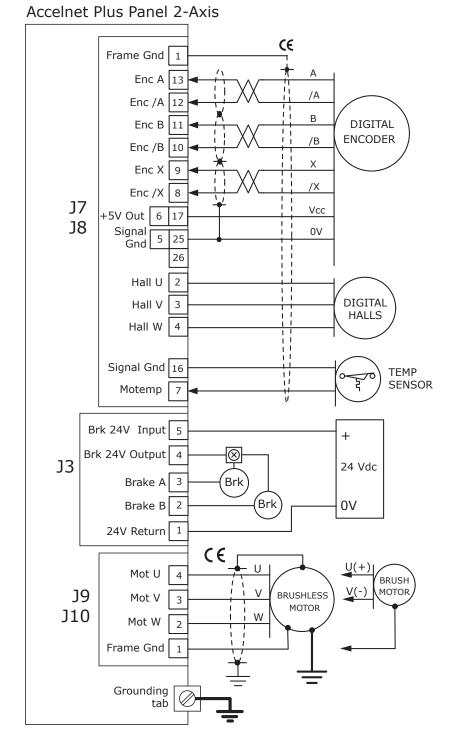
| ] | Property  | Ohms   |
|---|---|--------|
|   | Resistance in the temperature range 20°C to +70°C | 60~750 |
|   | Resistance at 85°C                                | ≤1650  |
|   | Resistance at 95°C                                | ≥3990  |
|   | Resistance at 105°C                               | ≥12000 |

Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT **BE2** 

MOTOR CONNECTIONS: DIGITAL QUAD A/B ENCODER

copley (

The connections shown may not be used in all installations



NOTES:

1) The +5VOut1 on J1-17,32 and J7-6, 17 is rated for 500 mA The +5VOut2 on J1-23,38 and J8-6, 17 is rated for 500 mA

These are two independent power supplies, each with a 500 mA max output from all pins2) CE symbols indicate connections required for CE compliance.

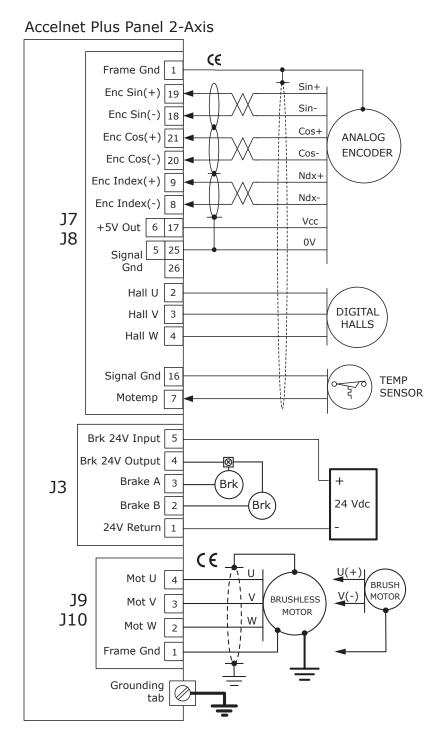
**Accelnet** Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT **BE2** 

# MOTOR CONNECTIONS: ANALOG SIN/COS ENCODER

copley (

controls

The connections shown may not be used in all installations



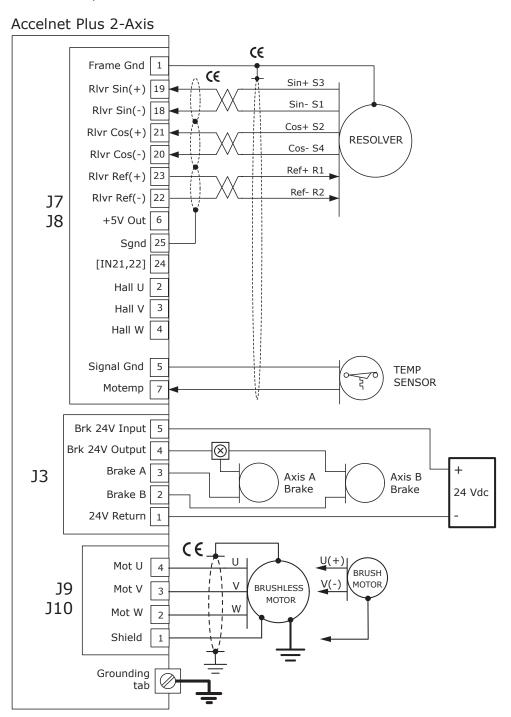
#### NOTES:

- 1) The +5VOut1 on J1-17,32 and J7-6, 17 is rated for 500 mA
  - The +5VOut2 on J1-23,38 and J8-6, 17 is rated for 500 mA
  - These are two independent power supplies, each with a 500 mA max output from all pins
  - 2) CE symbols indicate connections required for CE compliance.



# MOTOR CONNECTIONS: RESOLVERS (-R OPTION)

The connections shown may not be used in all installations. Hall signals are not generally used with resolver feedback but are shown here because they function if needed for resolver operation.



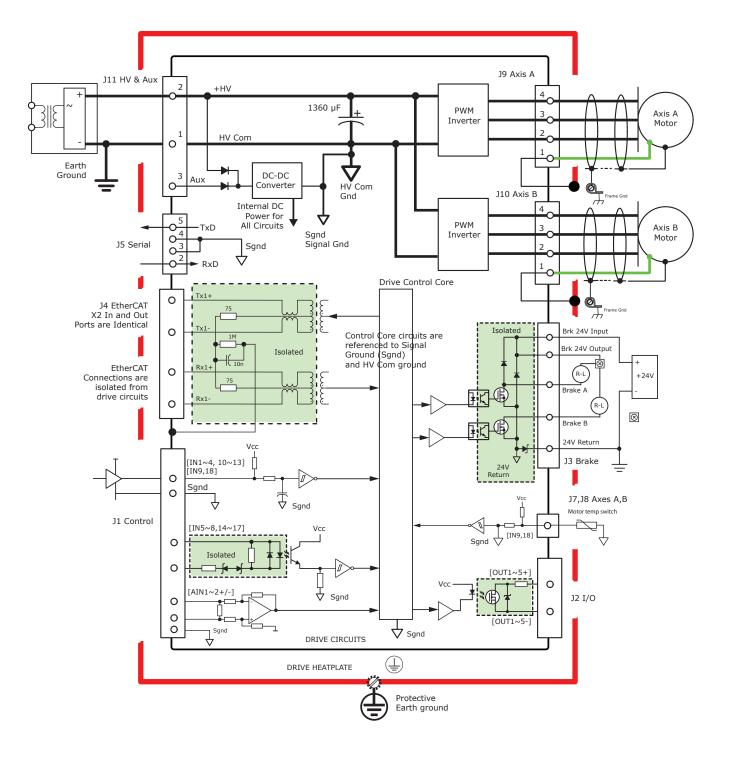
#### NOTES:

- 1) The +5VOut1 on J1-17,32 and J7-6, 17 is rated for 500 mA The +5VOut2 on J1-23,38 and J8-6, 17 is rated for 500 mA
  - These are two independent power supplies, each with a 500 mA max output from all pins 2) CE symbols indicate connections required for CE compliance.



# **DEVICE STRUCTURE & ISOLATION**

This graphic shows the electrical structure of the drive, detailing the elements that share a common circuit common (Signal Ground, HV Com) and circuits that are isolated and have no connection to internal circuits. Note that there is no connection between the heatplate (Chassis, Frame Ground) and any drive circuits.



copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

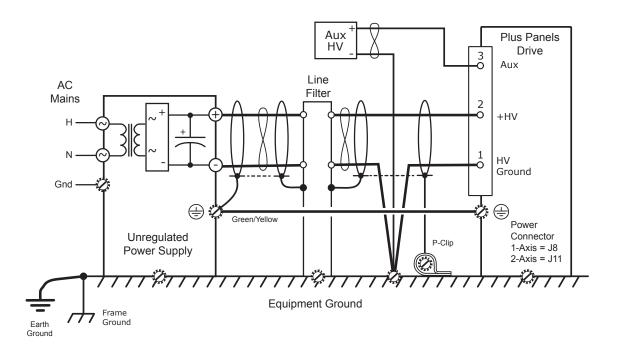
# **POWER & GROUNDING CONNECTIONS**

#### DC POWER CONNECTIONS

- DC power must be provided by transformers that are galvanically isolated and provide reinforced insulation from the mains. *Auto-transformers cannot be used*.
- The (-) terminal of the power supply is not grounded at the power supply. It is grounded near each drive.
- Cabling to multiple drives for the +HV and 0V is best done in a "star" configuration, and not a "daisy-chain".
- The 0V, or return terminal of the DC power should be connected to frame ground near the drive power connector. From that point, a short wire can connect to the drive HV Ground.
- Cabling to the drive +HV and 0V terminals must be sized to carry the expected continuous current of the drive in the user's
  installation.
- DC power cabling should be shielded, twisted-pair for best EMI reduction. The shield should connect to the power supply frame ground on one end, and to the drive frame ground on the other. Adding a pigtail and ring-lug, as short as possible will provide a good connection of the shield at the drive.
- Motor cabling typically includes a green/yellow conductor for protective bonding of the motor frame. Connect as shown in the Motor Connections diagram on the following page.
- Motor cable conductors should be twisted and shielded for best EMI suppression.
- If a green/yellow grounding wire connects the motor to the drive's PE terminal, the shield pigtail and ring-lug may connect to one of the screws that mount the drive to the panel. A P-clip to ground the shield as near as possible to the drive will increase the EMI suppression of the shield. On the motor-end, the shield frequently connects to the connector shell. If the motor cable is a flying-lead from the motor, the shield may be connected to the motor frame internally.
- Braided cable shields are more effective for EMI reduction than foil shields. Double-shielded cables typically have a braided outer shield and foil shields for the internal twisted pairs. This combination is effective for both EMI reduction and signal quality of the feedback signals from analog encoders or resolvers.
- Motor cable shielding is not intended to be a protective bonding conductor unless otherwise specified by the motor manufacturer.
- For feedback cables, double-shielded cable with a single outer shield and individual shielded twisted pair internal shields gives the best results with resolvers, or analog sin/cos encoders.
- In double-shielded cables, the internal shielding should connect to the drive's Signal Ground on one end, and should be unconnected on the motor end.
- Single-shield feedback cables connect to the drive frame on one end, and to the motor frame on the other. Depending on the construction of the motor, leaving the feedback cable shield disconnected on the motor but connected on the drive end may give better results.
- The drive should be secured to the equipment frame or panels using the mounting slots. This ensures a good electrical connection for optimal EMI performance. The drive chassis is electrically conductive.

# DC POWER WIRING

P-clips secure cables to a panel and provide full contact to the cable shields after the insulation has been stripped. This should be done as close to the drive as possible for best EMI attenuation.



# copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

# +HV POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

Regulated Power Supplies

- Must be over-voltage protected to 100 Vdc max when the STO (Safe Torque Off) feature of the drive is used.
- Require a diode and external capacitor to absorb regenerative energy.
- The VA rating should be greater than the actual continuous output power of the drives connected to the power supply, and adequate for the transient output power due to acceleration of motor loads.
- Must handle the internal capacitance of the drives on startup.

Unregulated Power Supplies

- No-load, high-line output voltage must not exceed 90 Vdc.
- Power supply internal capacitance adds to the drive's internal capacitance for absorption of regenerative energy.
- The VA (Volts & Amps) rating at the power supply's AC input is typically 30 ${\sim}40\%$  greater than the total output power of the drives.

#### AUXILIARY HV POWER

- Aux HV is power that can keep the drive communications and feedback circuits active when the PWM output stage has been disabled by removing the main +HV supply.
- Useful during EMO (Emergency Off) conditions where the +HV supply must be removed from the drive and powered-down to ensure operator safety.
- Voltage range is the same as +HV.
- Powers the DC/DC converter that supplies operating voltages to the drive DSP and control circuits.
- Aux HV draws no current when the +HV voltage is greater than the Aux HV voltage.

#### MOTOR CONNECTIONS

- Motor cable shield connects to motor frame, is grounded with a P-clip near the drive and terminates in a ring-lug that is screwed to the drive chassis by a mounting screw to the panel
- If provided, a green/yellow grounding wire from the motor connects to the F.G. terminal of the motor connector.
- FEEDBACK CONNECTIONS

REGENERATION

the regen energy.

- Cable shield connects to motor frame and to the F.G. terminal of the feedback connector.
- When double-shielding is used, the inner shields connect to the Signal Ground at the drive, and is not connected at the motor end.
- If not provided by the motor manufacturer, feedback cables rated for RS-422 communications are recommended for digital encoders.

This chart shows the energy absorption in

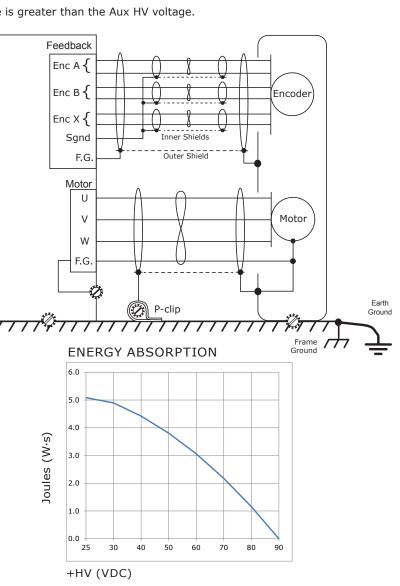
W·s for the drive operating at some typical

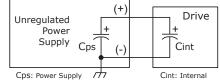
DC voltages. It is based on the internal 1360

uF capacitance and would be increased by the capacitance of the external DC power supply.

When the load mechanical energy is greater than these values an external regenerative

energy dissipater is required, or the DC power supply capacitance can be increased to absorb





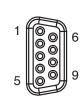
controls Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

J1: CONTROL SIGNAL

# **CONNECTORS & SIGNALS: FRONT PANEL**

# J6 SAFETY (SAFETORQUE OFF)

| PIN | SIGNAL    | PIN | SIGNAL   |
|-----|-----------|-----|----------|
| 1   | Frame Gnd | 6   | STO-1(+) |
| 2   | STO-1(+)  | 7   | STO-1(-) |
| 3   | STO-1(-)  | 8   | STO-24V  |
| 4   | STO-2(+)  | 9   | STO-GND  |
| 5   | STO-2(-)  |     |          |



PIN

J6 BE2 CONNECTOR: Dsub DB-09F, 9 position female receptacle

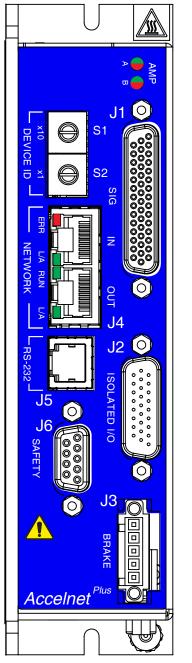
J6 CABLE CONNECTOR: Dsub DB-09M, 9 position

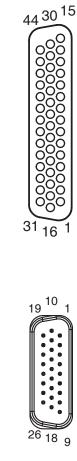
SIGNAL

Details on the cable connectors shown here can be found in the BE2-CK listing under the Accessories section of the last page

PIN

SIGNAL





| P | IN | SIGNAL       | 30 | N/C           | 15 | [IN13] Diff2(-) |
|---|----|--------------|----|---------------|----|-----------------|
| 4 | 44 | Signal Gnd   | 29 | N/C           | 14 | [IN12] Diff2(+) |
| 4 | 43 | N/C          | 28 | N/C           | 13 | [IN11]          |
| 4 | 42 | B-MultiEnc A | 27 | B-MultiEnc /A | 12 | [IN10]          |
| 4 | 41 | B-MultiEnc B | 26 | B-MultiEnc /B | 11 | N/C             |
| 4 | 40 | B-MultiEnc X | 25 | B-MultiEnc /X | 10 | [IN4] Diff1(-)  |
|   | 39 | B-MultiEnc S | 24 | B-MultiEnc /S | 9  | [IN3] Diff1(+)  |
|   | 38 | B +5Vdc Out2 | 23 | B +5Vdc Out2  | 8  | [IN2]           |
|   | 37 | Signal Gnd   | 22 | Signal Gnd    | 7  | [IN1]           |
|   | 36 | A-MultiEnc A | 21 | A-MultiEnc /A | 6  | Signal Gnd      |
|   | 35 | A-MultiEnc B | 20 | A-MultiEnc /B | 5  | [AIN2+]         |
|   | 34 | A-MultiEnc X | 19 | A-MultiEnc /X | 4  | [AIN2-]         |
|   | 33 | A-MultiEnc S | 18 | A-MultiEnc /S | 3  | [AIN1+]         |
|   | 32 | A +5Vdc Out1 | 17 | A +5Vdc Out1  | 2  | [AIN1-]         |
| 3 | 31 | Signal Gnd   | 16 | Signal Gnd    | 1  | Frame Gnd       |

J1: DRIVE CONNECTOR

High-Density Dsub DB-44F, female receptacle, 44 Position

J2: CABLE CONNECTOR

High-Density Dsub DB-44M, male plug, 44 Position

# J2: ISOLATED I/O

| PIN | SIGNAL      | 1PIN | SIGNAL         | PIN | SIGNAL       |
|-----|-------------|------|----------------|-----|--------------|
| 19  | [OUT1+] GPI | 10   | [OUT1-] GPI    | 1   | Frame Ground |
| 20  | [OUT2+] GPI | 11   | [OUT2-] GPI    | 2   | [IN5] GPI    |
| 21  | [OUT3+] GPI | 12   | [OUT3-] GPI    | 3   | [IN6] GPI    |
| 22  | [OUT4+] GPI | 13   | [OUT4-] GPI    | 4   | [IN7] GPI    |
| 23  | [OUT5+] GPI | 14   | [OUT5-] GPI    | 5   | [IN8] GPI    |
| 24  | N/C         | 15   | N/C            | 6   | COM1 [IN5~8] |
| 25  | N/C         | 16   | N/C            | 7   | [IN14] GPI   |
| 26  | N/C         | 17   | COM2 [IN14~17] | 8   | [IN15] GPI   |
|     |             | 18   | [IN17] GPI     | 9   | [IN16] GPI   |

J2: DRIVE CONNECTOR

High-Density Dsub DB-26M, male plug, 26 Position

J2: CABLE CONNECTOR

High-Density Dsub DB-26F, female receptacle, 26 Position

J3: BRAKE

3 🗖

4

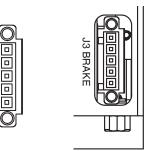
5 H 🗖



# **CONNECTORS & SIGNALS: FRONT PANEL**

### **J3: BRAKE**

| Pin | Signal         |
|-----|----------------|
| 1   | 24V Return     |
| 2   | Brake B [OUT7] |
| 3   | Brake A [OUT6] |
| 4   | Brk 24V Output |
| 5   | Brk 24V Input  |



#### **J3: DRIVE CONNECTOR** Euro-style 3.5 mm male receptacle, 5-position Wago: MCS-MINI, 734-165/108-000

**J3: CABLE CONNECTOR** Wago MCS-MINI 734-105/107-000 or 734-105/107-000

WAGO CONNECTOR TOOL Contact opener: 734-231 operating tool

# **CONNECTORS & SIGNALS: END PANEL**

# J7, J8: AXIS A, B FEEDBACK

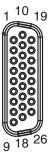
| PIN | SIGNAL                | PIN | SIGNAL          | PIN | SIGNAL      |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-------------|
| 1   | Frame Gnd             | 10  | A(B) Enc /B     | 19  | A(B) Sin(+) |
| 2   | A(B) Hall U           | 11  | A(B) Enc B      | 20  | A(B) Cos(-) |
| 3   | A(B) Hall V           | 12  | A(B) Enc /A     | 21  | A(B) Cos(+) |
| 4   | A(B) Hall W           | 13  | A(B) Enc A      | 22  | N/C         |
| 5   | Signal Gnd            | 14  | A(B) Enc /S     | 23  | N/C         |
| 6   | A(B) +5VOut1(2)       | 15  | A(B) Enc S      | 24  | N/C         |
| 7   | [IN9(18)] A(B) Motemp | 16  | Signal Gnd      | 25  | Signal Gnd  |
| 8   | A(B) Enc /X           | 17  | A(B) +5VOut1(2) | 26  | Signal Gnd  |
| 9   | A(B) Enc X            | 18  | A(B) Sin(-)     |     |             |

2 

3

4

5 

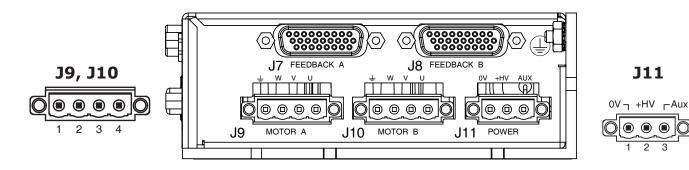


# **J7, J8**

J7, J8: FEEDBACK

J7, J8: BE2 CONNECTOR High-Density Dsub DB-26F, female receptacle, 26 Position

J7, J8: CABLE CONNECTOR High-Density Dsub DB-26M, male plug, 26 Position



# J9, J10: MOTOR OUTPUTS

| Signal        | Pin |
|---------------|-----|
| Frame Ground  | 1   |
| Motor Phase W | 2   |
| Motor Phase V | 3   |
| Motor Phase U | 4   |

J9, J10: DRIVE CONNECTORS Euro-style 5.08 mm male receptacle, 4-position Wago: MCS-MIDI, 231-564/108-000

#### J9, J10 CABLE CONNECTORS Wago MCS-MIDI Classic 231-304/107-000

WAGO CONNECTOR TOOL Contact opener: 231-159 operating tool

# J11:+HV & AUX POWER

| Signal    | Pin |
|-----------|-----|
| HV Ground | 1   |
| HV        | 2   |
| Aux HV    | 3   |

J11: DRIVE CONNECTOR Euro-style 5.08 mm male receptacle, 3-position Wago: MCS-MIDI, 231-563/108-000

J11: CABLE CONNECTOR Wago MCS-MIDI, 231-303/107-000

WAGO CONNECTOR TOOL Contact opener: 231-159 operating tool

# copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

# **CONNECTORS & SIGNALS: END PANEL (-R MODELS WITH RESOLVER FEEDBACK)**

# J7, J8: AXIS A, B FEEDBACK

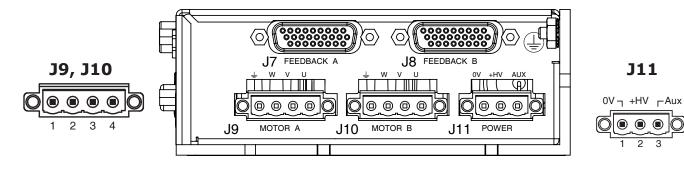
| PIN | SIGNAL                | PIN | SIGNAL          | PIN | SIGNAL         |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|----------------|
| 1   | Frame Gnd             | 10  | N.C.            | 19  | A(B) Sin(+) S3 |
| 2   | A(B) Hall U           | 11  | N.C.            | 20  | A(B) Cos(-) S4 |
| 3   | A(B) Hall V           | 12  | N.C.            | 21  | A(B) Cos(+) S2 |
| 4   | A(B) Hall W           | 13  | N.C.            | 22  | A(B) Ref(-) R2 |
| 5   | Signal Gnd            | 14  | N.C.            | 23  | A(B) Ref(+) R1 |
| 6   | A(B) +5VOut1(2)       | 15  | N.C.            | 24  | N/C            |
| 7   | [IN9(18)] A(B) Motemp | 16  | Signal Gnd      | 25  | Signal Gnd     |
| 8   | N.C.                  | 17  | A(B) +5VOut1(2) | 26  | Signal Gnd     |
| 9   | N.C.                  | 18  | A(B) Sin(-) S1  |     |                |

# J7, J8

J7, J8: FEEDBACK

J7, J8: BE2 CONNECTOR High-Density Dsub DB-26F, female receptacle, 26 Position

J7, J8: CABLE CONNECTOR High-Density Dsub DB-26M, male plug, 26 Position



# J9, J10: MOTOR OUTPUTS

| Signal        | Pin |
|---------------|-----|
| Frame Ground  | 1   |
| Motor Phase W | 2   |
| Motor Phase V | 3   |
| Motor Phase U | 4   |

J9, J10: DRIVE CONNECTORS Euro-style 5.08 mm male receptacle, 4-position Wago: MCS-MIDI, 231-564/108-000

J9, J10 CABLE CONNECTORS Wago MCS-MIDI Classic 231-304/107-000

WAGO CONNECTOR TOOL Contact opener: 231-159 operating tool

#### J11:+HV & AUX POWER

1 <sup>10</sup> 19

0000

9 18 26

| Signal    | Pin |
|-----------|-----|
| HV Ground | 1   |
| HV        | 2   |
| Aux HV    | 3   |

J11: DRIVE CONNECTOR Euro-style 5.08 mm male receptacle, 3-position Wago: MCS-MIDI, 231-563/108-000

J11: CABLE CONNECTOR Wago MCS-MIDI, 231-303/107-000

WAGO CONNECTOR TOOL Contact opener: 231-159 operating tool



# WIRING

# 24V & BRAKE: J3

Wago MCS-MINI: 735-105/107-000, female connector; with screw flange, 5-pole; pin spacing 3.5 mm / 0.138 in

| Conductor capacity |
|--------------------|
| Bare stranded:     |
| Insulated ferrule: |
| Stripping length:  |
| Operating tool:    |

#### pacity 1: AWG 28~16 [0.08~1.5 mm2] "ule: AWG 24~16 [0.25~1.5 mm2] pth: 0.24~0.28 in[6~7 mm] ol: Wago MCS-MINI: 734-231



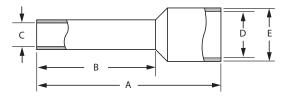
# FERRULE PART NUMBERS: SINGLE WIRE INSULATED

| AWG | mm²  | Color | Mfgr | PNUM    | А          | В         | С         | D         | E         | SL        |
|-----|------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 18  | 1.0  | Red   | Wago | 216-223 | 12.0 (.47) | 6.0 (.24) | 1.4 (.06) | 3.0 (.12) | 3.5 (.14) | 8 (.31)   |
| 20  | 0.75 | Gray  | Wago | 216-222 | 12.0 (.47) | 6.0 (.24) | 1.2 (.05) | 2.8 (.11) | 3.3 (.13) | 8 (.31)   |
| 22  | 0.5  | White | Wago | 216-221 | 12.0 (.47) | 6.0 (.24) | 1.0 (.04) | 2.6 (.10) | 3.1 (.12) | 7.5 (.30) |

#### FERRULE PART NUMBERS: DOUBLE WIRE INSULATED

| AWG    | mm²      | Color | Mfgr   | PNUM     | А          | В         | С          | D         | E         | SL         |
|--------|----------|-------|--------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 2 x 18 | 2 x 1.0  | Red   | Altech | 2776.0   | 15.4 (.61) | 8.2 [.32] | 2.4 (.09)  | 3.2 (.13) | 5.8 (.23) | 11.0 (.43) |
| 2 x 18 | 2 x 1.0  | Gray  | Altech | 2775.0   | 14.6 (.57) | 8.2 (.32) | 2.0 (.08)  | 3.0 (.12) | 5.5 (.22) | 11.0 (.43) |
| 2 x 20 | 2 x 0.75 | White | Altech | 2794.0   | 14.6 (.57) | 8.2 (.32) | 1.7 (.07)  | 3.0 (.12) | 5.0 (.20) | 11.0 (.43) |
| 2 x 20 | 2 x 0.75 | Gray  | TE     | 966144-2 | 15.0 (.59) | 8.0 (.31) | 1.70 (.07) | 2.8 (.11) | 5.0 (.20) | 10 (.39)   |
| 2 x 22 | 2 x 0.50 | White | TE     | 966144-1 | 15.0 (.59) | 8.0 (.31) | 1.40 (.06) | 2.5 (.10) | 4.7 (.19) | 10 (.39)   |

SINGLE WIRE

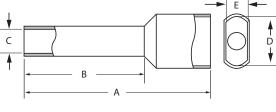


# MOTOR OUTPUTS AND HV/AUX POWER: J9, J10, J11

Wago MCS-MIDI Classic: 231-304/107-000 (J9, J10), 231-303/107-000 (J11), female connector; with screw flange; 3-pole; pin spacing 5.08 mm / 0.2 in

| Conductor capacity |                                |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bare stranded:     | AWG 28~14 [0.08~2.5 mm2]       |
| Insulated ferrule: | AWG 24~16 [0.25~1.5 mm2]       |
| Stripping length:  | 8~9 mm                         |
| Operating Tool:    | Wago MCS-MIDI Classic: 231-159 |
|                    |                                |





J9, J10 J11 Tool

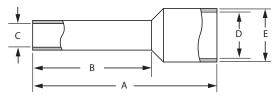
Tool



# FERRULE PART NUMBERS: SINGLE WIRE INSULATED

| AWG | mm²  | Color | Mfgr | PNUM    | А           | В          | С          | D          | E          | SL        |
|-----|------|-------|------|---------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 14  | 2.5  | Blue  | Wago | 216-206 | 15.0 (0.59) | 8.0 (0.31) | 2.05 (.08) | 4.2 (0.17) | 4.8 (0.19) | 10 (0.39) |
| 16  | 1.5  | Black | Wago | 216-204 | 14.0 (0.59  | 8.0 (0.31) | 1.7 (.07)  | 3.5 (0.14) | 4.0 (0.16) | 10 (0.39) |
| 18  | 1.0  | Red   | Wago | 216-223 | 12.0 (.47)  | 6.0 (.24)  | 1.4 (.055) | 3.0 (.12)  | 3.5 (.14)  | 8 (.31)   |
| 20  | 0.75 | Gray  | Wago | 216-222 | 12.0 (.47)  | 6.0 (.24)  | 1.2 (.047) | 2.8 (.11)  | 3.3 (.13)  | 8 (.31)   |
| 22  | 0.5  | White | Wago | 216-221 | 12.0 (.47)  | 6.0 (.24)  | 1.0 (.039) | 2.6 (.10)  | 3.1 (.12)  | 7.5 (.30) |

NOTES PNUM = Part Number SL = Stripping length Dimensions: mm (in)





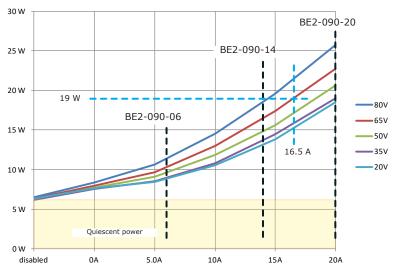
# THERMALS: POWER DISSIPATION

The top chart on this page shows the internal power dissipation for one axis of the BE2 under differing power supply and output current conditions. The +HV values are for the average DC voltage of the drive power supply. The lower chart shows the temperature rise vs. power dissipation under differing mounting and cooling conditions.

#### TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION

Use this chart to find the total power dissipation for both axes. Example:

Power supply HV = 65 Vdc Axis 1 current = 7.5 A, axis 2 = 9.0 A Total current = 16.5 A Total dissipation = 19 Watts



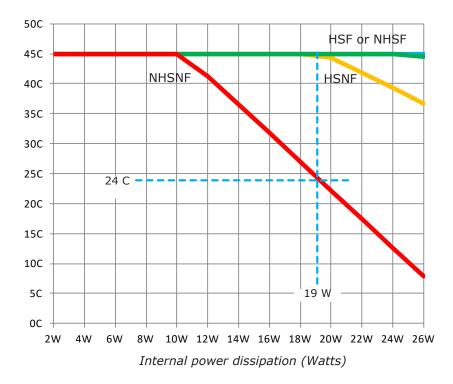
Total continuous output current of both axes

# THERMALS: MAXIMUM OPERATING TEMPERATURE VS. DISSIPATION

Use this chart to find the maximum operating temperature of the drive under differing mounting and cooling conditions. Example:

Using the 19 W value from the calculations above, draw a vertical line. This shows that 24 C is the maximum operating temperature for NHSNF, and that any of the other mounting/cooling options will be sufficient for operation up to the maximum ambient temperature of 45 C.

| HSF =   | - | Heat Sink (with) Fan    |
|---------|---|-------------------------|
| NHSF =  | - | No Heat Sink (with) Fan |
| HSNF =  | - | Heat Sink No Fan        |
| NHSNF = | = | No Heat Sink No Fan     |





TOP VIEWS VERTICAL MOUNTING

# **THERMALS: MOUNTING & THERMAL RESISTANCE**

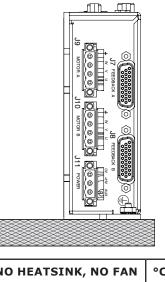
#### MOUNTING

Thermal data for convection-cooling with a heatsink assumes a vertical mounting of the drive on a thermally non-conducting surface. Heatsink fins run parallel to the long axis of the drive. When fan-cooling is used vertical mounting is not necessary to guarantee thermal performance of the heatsink.

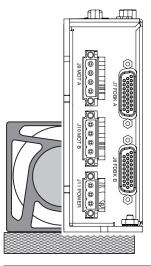
# THERMAL RESISTANCE

Thermal resistance is a measure of the temperature rise of the drive heatplate due to power dissipation in the drive. It is expressed in units of °C/W where the degrees are the temperature rise above ambient.

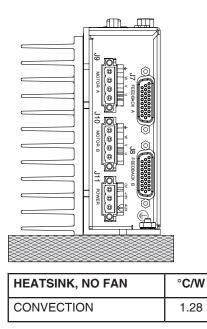
E.g., an drive dissipating 16 W mounted with no heatsink or fan would see a temperature rise of 38.2C above ambient based on the thermal resistance of 2.39C/W. Using the drive maximum heatplate temperature of 70C and subtracting 38.2C from that would give 31.7C as the maximum ambient temperature the drive in which the drive could operate before going into thermal shutdown. To operate at higher ambient temperatures a heatsink or forced-air would be required.

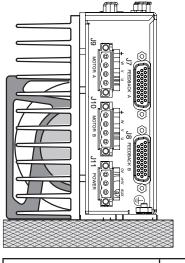


| NO HEATSINK, NO FAN | °C/W |
|---------------------|------|
| CONVECTION          | 2.32 |



| NO HEATSINK + FAN   | °C/W |
|---------------------|------|
| FORCED-AIR, 300 LFM | 0.98 |





| HEATSINK + FAN      | °C/W |  |  |
|---------------------|------|--|--|
| FORCED-AIR, 300 LFM | 0.61 |  |  |

# copley Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT BE2

# HEATSINK KIT INSTALLATION

- Standard heatsink for Accelnet Plus Panel BE2
- Complete kit for user installation of the heatsink

### DESCRIPTION

The BE2-HK is a kit containing a heatsink and mounting hardware for field installation of a standard heatsink onto a BE2 model servo drive.

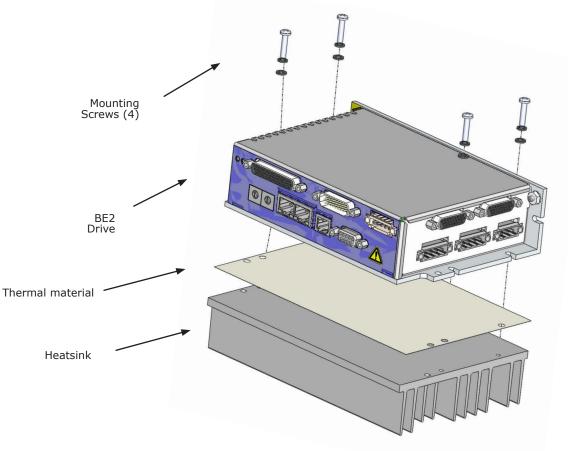
To order an BE2 drive with heatsink fitted at the factory, add "-H" to the model part number.

#### BE2-HK HEATSINK KIT PART LIST

| Qty | Desc | Description                      |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1   | Heat | Heatsink, standard, BE2-HS       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | Ther | Thermal material, 4x4 in.        |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Kit, | Heatsink Hardware, BE2           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | 4    | Washer, flat, #8                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | 4    | Screw, PAN, SEMS, #8-32 x 1/2 in |  |  |  |  |  |

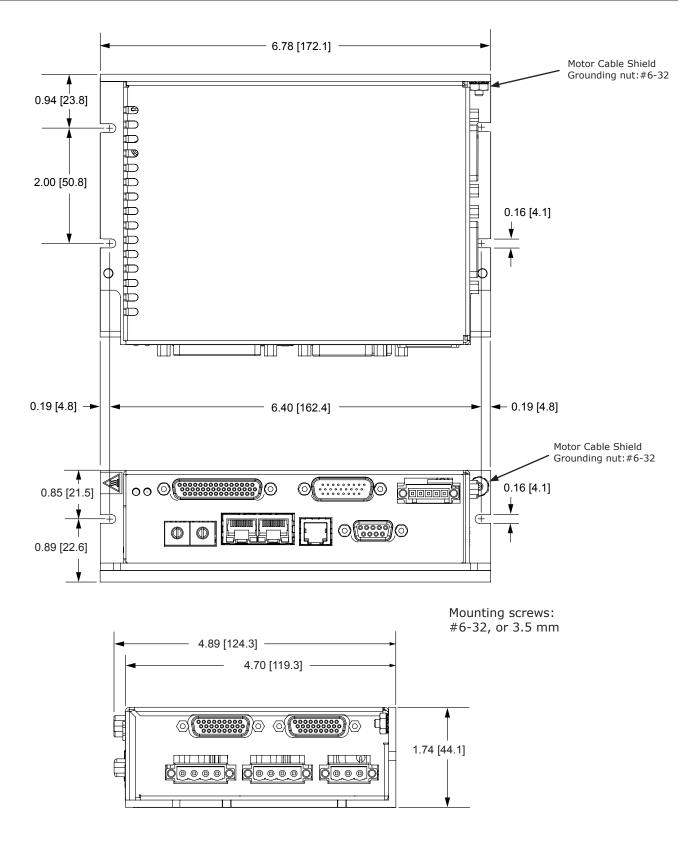
# INSTALLATION

- 1) Place the heatsink fins-down on a work surface. Orient the heatsink so that the edge with part number is away from you. The hole for the BE2 grounding lug should be to your left.
- 2) Remove the clear protective film from the thermal material and discard it. Place the thermal material onto the heatsink in the placement area which is marked with four white "L". Apply light pressure to ensure that the thermal material is flat.
- Peel the white protective layer away from the thermal material. Do this slowly from one corner so as not to lift the thermal material from the heatsink.
- 4) Align the BE2 as shown and lower onto the heatsink. If needed to adjust the position, lift it away from the thermal material and lower onto the heatsink again.
- 5) Install the four mounting screws with flat washers and tighten evenly. Torque to 17.8 lb-in (2.0 Nm) maximum.



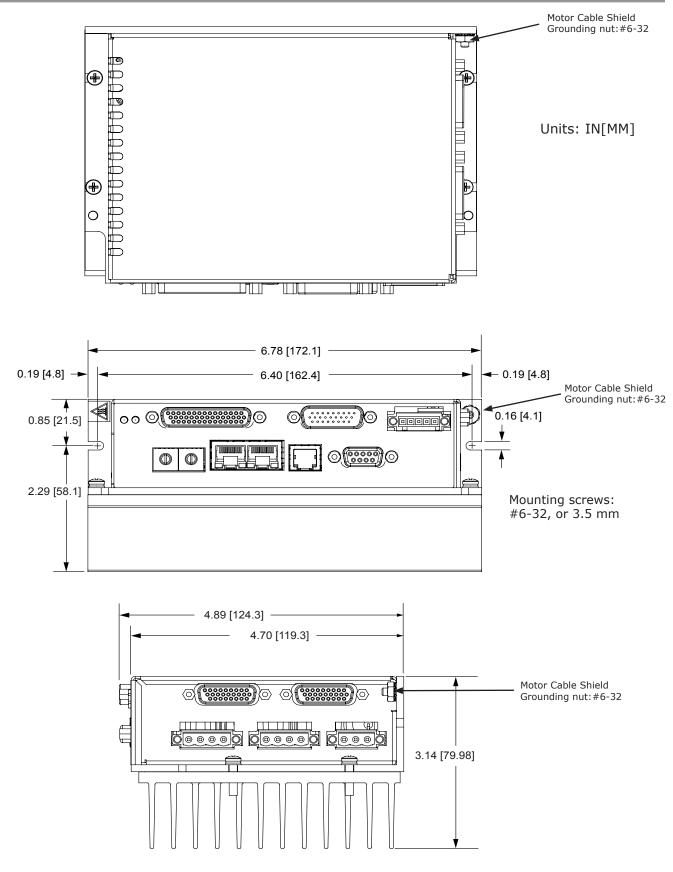


DIMENSIONS: IN (MM)





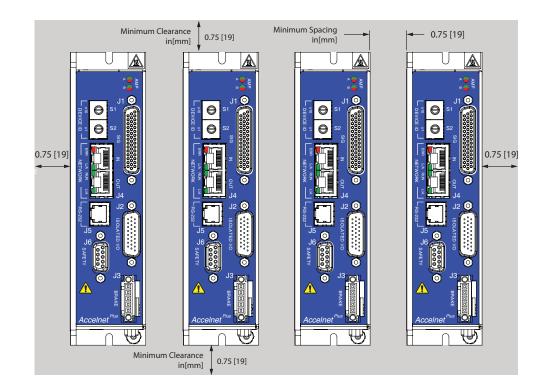
# DIMENSIONS: IN (MM)

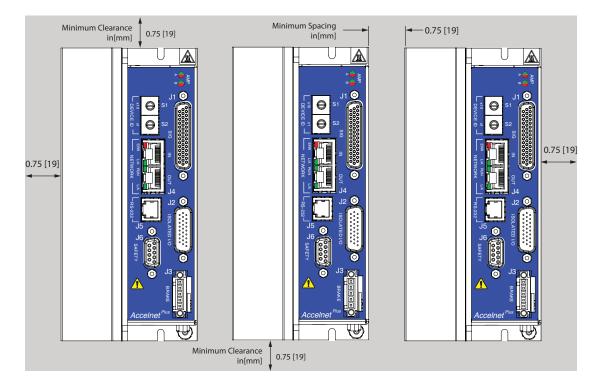




# INSTALLATION

The graphic below shows the recommended mounting for multiple drives. The clearances shows are minimums.







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#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

| BE2-090-06 | Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT servo drive, 3/6 A, 90 Vdc   |
|------------|--|
| BE2-090-14 | Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT servo drive, 7/14 A, 90 Vdc  |
| BE2-090-20 | Accelnet Plus 2-Axis Panel EtherCAT servo drive, 10/20 A, 90 Vdc |



Add -R to model number for resolver feedback option (Example: BE2-090-14-R) Add -H to model number for factory-installed heatsink

Example: Order one Accelnet Plus BE2 drive, 7/14 A, resolver option, with connector kit, serial cable kit, heatsink fitted at the factory: Qty 1

| em           | Remarks   |
|--------------|---|
| 2-090-14-R-H | Accelnet Plus BE2 2-axis servo drive, resolver option, and factory-mounted heatsink |
|              |   |

- Item BE2-090 BE2-CK SER-CK
  - Serial Cable Kit

BE2 Connector Kit

ACCESSORIES

1

1

|                                   | Qty | Ref          | Name          | Description   | Manufacturer P/N               |
|-----------------------------------|-----|--------------|---------------|---|--------------------------------|
| <b>BE2-CK</b><br>Connector<br>Kit | 1   | J11          | DC HV         | Plug, 3 position, 5.08 mm, female                               | Wago: 231-303/107-000 (Note 1) |
|                                   | 1   |              |               | Strain relief, snap-on, 5.08 mm, 3 position, orange             | Wago: 232-633                  |
|                                   | 2   | J9, J10      | Motor         | Plug, 4 position, 5.08 mm, female                               | Wago: 231-304/107-000 (Note 1) |
|                                   | 2   |              |               | Strain relief, snap-on, 5.08 mm, 4 position, orange             | Wabo: 232-634                  |
|                                   | 1   | J9~J11       | Tool          | Tool, wire insertion & extraction, 231 series                   | Wago: 231-159                  |
|                                   | 1   | 33           | Brake         | Plug, 5 position, 3.5 mm, female                                | Wago: 734-105/107-000 (Note 1) |
|                                   | 1   |              |               | Strain relief, snap-on, 3.5 mm, 5 position, grey                | Wago: 734-605                  |
|                                   | 1   |              | Tool          | Tool, wire insertion & extraction, 734 series                   | Wago: 734-231                  |
|                                   | 1   | J6<br>Note 2 | Safety        | Connector, DB-9M, 9-position, standard, male                    | TE/AMP: 205204-4               |
|                                   | 9   |              |               | AMPLIMITE HD-20 Crimp-Snap contacts, 24-20AWG, AU flash         | TE/AMP: 66506-9                |
|                                   | 1   |              |               | Metal Backshell, DB-9, RoHS                                     | 3M: 3357-9209                  |
|                                   | 4   |              |               | Jumper, with pins crimped on both ends                          | Copley: 10-75177-01            |
|                                   | 1   | J1           | Control       | Connector, high-density DB-44M, 44 position, male, solder cup   | Norcomp: 180-044-103L001       |
|                                   | 1   |              |               | Metal Backshell, DB-25, RoHS                                    | 3M: 3357-9225                  |
|                                   | 1   | J2           | I/O           | Connector, high-density DB-26F, 26 position, female, solder cup | Norcomp: 180-026-203L001       |
|                                   | 2   | J7, J8       | Feed-<br>back | Connector, high-density DB-26M, 26 position, male, solder cup   | Norcomp: 180-026-103L001       |
|                                   | 3   | J2, J7, J8   |               | Metal Backshell, DB-15, RoHS                                    | 3M: 3357-9215                  |
| SER-CK                            | 1   | J5           | RS-232        | Serial Cable Kit  |                                |
| BE2-NC-10                         | 1   | J8           | Network       | EtherCAT <sup>®</sup> network cable, 10 ft (3 m)                |                                |
| BE2-NC-01                         | 1   |              |               | EtherCAT <sup>®</sup> network cable, 1 ft (0.3 m)               |                                |

Note 1: For RoHS compliance, append "/RN01-0000" to the Wago part numbers listed above

Note 2: Insertion/extraction tool for J6 contacts is AMP/Tyco 91067-2 (not included in BE2-CK)

#### 16-01440 Document Revision History

| Revision | Date           | Remarks  |
|----------|----------------|--|
| 00       | March 27, 2017 | Initial released version                             |
| 01       | July 3, 2018   | Corrections to J-numbering, updated agency standards |
|          |                |  |
|          |                |  |

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Note: Specifications subject to change without notice